

Fort Dodge Community School District Fort Dodge, Iowa

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FORT DODGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Fort Dodge, Iowa Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

OFFICIAL ISSUING REPORT

Brandon C. Hansel, Director of Financial Services

OFFICE ISSUING REPORT

Office of Financial Services

FORT DODGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

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FORT DODGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

OUR SCHOOLS, OUR COMMUNITY, OUR PRIDE.

November 20, 2016

To President Cochrane, Members of the Board of Directors, and patrons of the Fort Dodge Community School District:

It is indeed my pleasure to submit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Fort Dodge Community School District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The report has been prepared to conform to guidelines recommended by the Association of School Business Officials (ASBO) International and the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the District. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed information is fairly stated in all material respects and is presented in a manner which sets forth the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the District in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, (GAAP). It includes all District funds. All disclosures necessary to enable a reader to gain maximum understanding of the District's financial activities have been included.

The 2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in four sections: Introductory, Financial, Statistical, and Single Audit. The Introductory Section includes a transmittal letter, the District's organizational chart, and a list of District officials.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative overview of the basic financial statement. The letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

Reporting Entity

This report includes all funds and account groups that are part of the Fort Dodge Community School District. The District is a separate reporting entity and is not included in any other reporting entity. A seven-member elected Board of Education, serving staggered terms of four years, governs the Fort Dodge Community School District. The Board of Education is a policy-making and planning body whose decisions are carried out by school administrators. The District is subject to the general oversight of the lowa Department of Education. This oversight generally includes an approval process that reviews compliance with standards enacted by legislative mandate.

The City of Fort Dodge is located in the northeast part of Webster County, Iowa, on the Bluffs of the Des Moines River and surrounds the Fort Dodge Community School District. Fort Dodge is Iowa's 20th largest city with a population of 25,206 as reported by the 2010 census. Fort Dodge traces its beginnings to 1850 when soldiers from the United States Army erected a fort at the junction of the Des Moines River and Lizard Creek. It was named after Henry Dodge, a U.S. senator from Wisconsin. The fort was abandoned in 1853 and the next year William Williams, a civilian storekeeper in Fort Dodge, purchased the land and buildings of the old fort. The town of Fort Dodge was founded in 1869. In 1872 the long and continuing history of gypsum production in Iowa started when George Ringland, Webb Vincent, and Stillman T. Meservey formed the Fort Dodge Plaster Mills to mine, grind, and prepare gypsum for commercial use. The Company constructed the first gypsum mill west of the Mississispipi River, at the head of what is now Gypsum Creek.

The Fort Dodge School District is the 25th largest of Iowa's over 300 K-12 public school systems. The enrollment is approximately 3,767 students. The District provides a full range of educational services appropriate to students in early childhood, preschool, transitional kindergarten, and grades kindergarten through twelve. These services include basic, regular and enriched academic education; special education for children with special needs; vocational education; and numerous individualized programs such as specialized instruction for students at-risk and for limited-English-speaking students.

The District is composed of one high school, one intermediate school, four elementary schools and an on-campus alternative educational program. Our early childhood learning facility houses the state four-year-old program and Headstart program. Student enrollment (pre-school through high school) for the 2015-16 school year was approximately 3,767 regular and special education students. The District employs approximately 600 persons of whom approximately 300 are professional staff and 300 are support staff.

The average age of our elementary buildings is 54 with our oldest elementary being built in 1912. Our intermediate building was new in 2013. The District has one high school that was constructed in 1958. All of our facilities are in usable condition as we follow a preventative maintenance schedule in order to maintain the integrity of our older facilities as well as preserve all the facilities in the District.

Economic Condition and Outlook

The District is located in the Northwest quadrant of the state. Being the largest community within an hour's drive, Fort Dodge serves as the commercial center for the region. As a regional hub, Fort Dodge has several large organizations that provide stability to the local economy. Trinity Regional Medical Center, Fort Dodge Regional Airport, Iowa Central Community College, Crossroads Mall, and many big box retail stores are a few examples. As a result of shifts in industry, Fort Dodge has experienced some economic loss over the years with the closure of several meat packing plants and other manufacturing related companies. The school District has experienced declining enrollment in recent years with the loss of over 500 students in the last 10 years. However, the strong agricultural climate in recent years has led to a resurgence in economic activity and business investment in the area. The development of an agricultural business park has attracted large companies such as Cargill to build a bio-fuel production facility. This project in particular has also attracted the attention of an international company who is constructing a facility for the production of amino acids used for livestock feed. FedEx is also constructing a new regional ground distribution center.

As a result of these new economic factors and the corresponding jobs that have been created, the District enrollment remained flat for the 2015-2016 school year. The District continues to monitor the level of economic activity and is now projecting the rate of student enrollment decline to stop and level off with the potential for mild increases in enrollment for the next several years.

In recent years, the State of Iowa has faced an economic downturn that severely hampered its ability to fund schools at the same level as in prior years. The District has faced inadequate funding for state aid and other state-funded programs, and this was particularly demonstrated in the unprecedented 10% across the board state funding cut in the fall of 2009, the low 2% allowable growth for fiscal year 2011, and the unprecedented zero per cent allowable growth for fiscal year 2012. Allowable growth was 2% for Fiscal year 2013 and 2014, 1.25% for Fiscal year 2015, and 2.24% in Fiscal year 2016.

Major Initiatives

The District continues to try to deal with its aging infrastructure. As a result, the District decided to close down the two existing middle school buildings and build a new consolidated middle school facility. The remaining construction for the New Fort Dodge Middle School project was completed in fiscal year 2013 for a total project cost of \$35.5 million with approximately \$30 million being funded with sales tax revenue bonds and the remainder with sales tax revenue reserves saved up over the past several years.

Long-Term Financial Planning

Unassigned fund balance in the general fund improved in fiscal year 2016 by approximately \$0.431 million due to spending efficiencies targeted for the improvement of fund balances and maintenance of financial solvency for fiscal 2016 and offset low allowable growth funding. This increase in fund balance maintained our solvency ratio at 21.23% which is extremely important to meet unforeseen financing requirements, fund summer operations, and to obtain higher bond ratings as the District determines its facility needs for the future with bonding.

The State of Iowa has implemented lower allowable growth, mid-year budget reductions in past years, and not provided on time funding over the last several years. With a changing District like Fort Dodge, funds need to be built up to help cover expenses of enrollment fluctuations since funding is not received until the subsequent year. With approximately 80% of the District's resources required for salaries and benefits, staffing efficiencies will become a priority.

Relevant Financial Policies

Since the State of lowa funding formula is pupil driven, an increase in total spending authority occurs by increasing the number of pupils or by increasing the cost per pupil. The cost per pupil can be increased by the legislature in setting the amount of allowable growth each year. Under the law, the legislature has thirty (30) days after receiving the governor's budget recommendation to set the state percent of growth for the year following the budget year. Legislature spring 2009 set the fiscal year 2010-2011 state percent of growth. However, in the spring of 2010, the statutory requirement to establish the percentage of allowable growth increase for K-12 schools and accompanying educational funding categories for the 2011-12 school year was delayed for one year. In the spring of 2011, zero percent allowable growth was determined for fiscal year 2011-12 and two percent allowable growth for fiscal 2012-2013. However, legislature in the spring of 2013 had once again failed to set allowable growth for fiscal year 2013-2014 or 2014-2015 and ended up granting 1.25% for 2014-2015. State percent of growth for 2015-2016 was 2.24%. State percent of growth is crucial in funding the needs of our growing District.

Internal Control

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the District are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met.

The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. All internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

As a recipient of federal, state and local financial assistance, the District is also responsible for ensuring that adequate internal control is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. As a part of the District's single audit, described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of internal control, including that portion related to federal awards programs, as well as to determine that the District has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

Budgetary Controls

In addition, the District maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual budget approved by the District's governing body. Activities of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Enterprise Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund are included in the annual budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the budgeted amount) is established by function and encompasses all fund types. To facilitate the monitoring of the legal provisions, and to provide more complete information to interested parties, the District prepares a more detailed budget for each fund. The District also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the Management's Discussion and Analysis included in the financial section of this report, the District continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

Independent Audit

The Code of the State of Iowa requires an annual independent audit of the District to be performed by an accounting firm selected in a competitively bid process. The firm selected for the audit of the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2016 was Schnurr & Company, LLP. The annual audit meets the requirements of the Code of Iowa, generally accepted auditing standards and the requirements of the 1996 Amendment to the Single Audit Act and related Uniform Guidance. The auditor's report on the general-purpose financial statements and combining and individual fund statements is included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's reports related specifically to the single audit are included in a separate section for internal controls and compliance.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report could not be accomplished without the dedicated service and contributions of all necessary departments and personnel and advice from our auditors, Schnurr & Company, LLP. Finally, we would like to thank the Board of Education for their continued commitment to conducting the financial operations of the District with the highest level of responsibility and professionalism.

We are pleased to present this report of the results of the District's financial operation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. It is our hope that study and review of this report will provide a better understanding of the District's financial operation.

Respectfully submitted,

Brandon C. Hansel, SBO

Bula C. Hard

Director of Financial Services

Dr. Douglas G. Van Zyl Superintendent of Schools

Drykes & lange



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Fort Dodge Community School District Iowa

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2015

Executive Director/CEO

Afry R. Ener



The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting Award is presented to

Fort Dodge Community School District

for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015.

The CAFR has been reviewed and met or exceeded ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence standards.



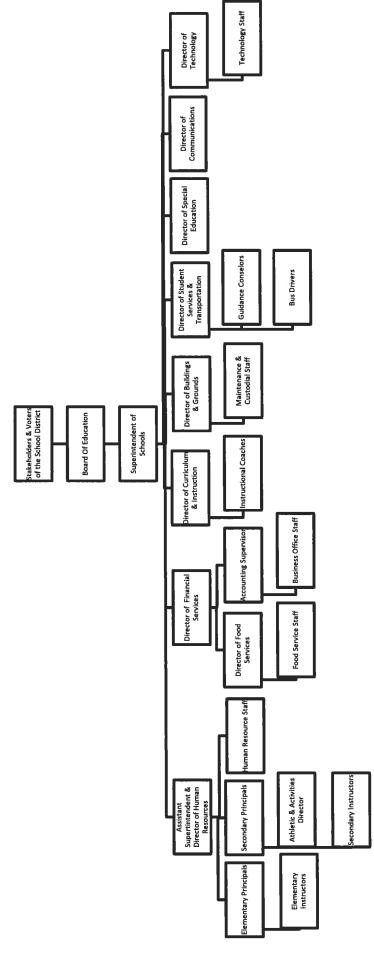
Brendo Burkett

Brenda R. Burkett, CPA, CSBA, SFO
President

John D. Musso, CAE, RSBA

Executive Director

Fort Dodge Community School District Organizational Chart



FORT DODGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

BOARD OF EDUCATION

NAME	POSITION	TERM EXPIRES		
Stuart Cochrane	President	2017		
Brian Forsythe	Vice President	2017		
William D Kent	Board Member	2019		
Angie Tracy	Board Member	2019		
Lisa Shimkat	Board Member	2017		
Steve Springer	Board Member	2019		
Matthew Wagner	Board Member	2019		

FORT DODGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHOOL DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION

NAME	POSITION
	-
Dr. Douglas Van Zyl	Superintendent of Schools
	Assistant Superintendent of Schools and
Robert Hughes	Director of Human Resources
Brandon Hansel	Director of Financial Services
Stacey Cole	Director of Curriculum and Instruction
Brenda Janssen	Director of Food Services
Travis Filloon	Director of Buildings and Grounds
Lis Ristau	Director of Special Education
Jeremy Pearson	Director of Technology
Marcy Harms	Director of Student Services
Brad Niemeyer	Director of Transportation
Jennifer Lane	Director of Communications
Dr. Douglas Van Zyl	High School Principal
Kevin Astor	High School Associate Principal
Lynnae Harvey	High School Associate Principal
Matt Elsbecker	Athletic Director
Ed Birnbaum	Middle School Principal
Mark Johnson	Middle School Associate Principal
Jerry Brown	Butler Elementary Principal
Bruce Hartley	Cooper Elementary Principal
Pat Reding	Duncombe Elementary Principal
Nancy Cross	Feelhaver Elementary Principal
Lis Ristau	Riverside Elementary Principal
	THE TOTAL DISTRICT OF THE TOTAL





Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Education of Fort Dodge Community School District:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fort Dodge Community School District, Fort Dodge Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. This includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fort Dodge Community School District as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in its financial position and, where applicable, its cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions and the Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan on pages 13 through 25 and 60 through 65 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Fort Dodge Community School District's basic financial statements. We and other auditors previously audited, in accordance with the standards referred to in the third paragraph of this report, the financial statements for the nine years ended June 30, 2015 (which is not presented herein) and expressed unmodified opinions on those financial statements. The supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 7 and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards required by Title 2, U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Schnew & Company, LLP

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 20, 2016 on our consideration of Fort Dodge Community School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Fort Dodge Community School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Fort Dodge, Iowa

FORT DODGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

FORT DODGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Fort Dodge Community School District's annual financial report presents our discussion. Since all activities are required to be reported on a full accrual basis, a comprehensive comparison to the prior year has been made as is required to provide comparison of key current year data to prior year data. (Please refer to Table A-1 for comparison of the fiscal years.) Please read this analysis in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

2016 Financial Highlights

- The District's net position in fiscal year 2016 increased 23.55 percent to \$31.350 million. The Governmental Activities net position increased 23.73 percent, while the business type activities net position increased 17.32 percent. (See Table A-1) Overall general revenues were \$44.593 million, and expenses were \$43.582 million.
- A General Obligation bond issue and an increase in restricted fund balance during fiscal year 2016 contributed to the increase in the District's net position.
- A drop in bank account interest yield resulted in the General Fund interest income decreasing from \$40,523 in fiscal year 2015 to \$36,406 in fiscal year 2016. Interest rates have continued to remain at low levels for the past several years as Federal Reserve policy remains targeted toward a low rate environment.
- The General Fund ending unassigned fund balance increased from \$8.665 million in fiscal year 2015 to \$9.096 million in fiscal year 2016.
- The self-insured dental internal service fund incurred a decrease in net position of \$8,393. The District had a balance of \$186,303 at the end of the fiscal year, which is over eight months' worth of reserves. Premium equivalent levels are reviewed and adjusted annually to maintain the necessary reserves.
- The District Statement of Net Position indicates an unrestricted net balance of (\$7.724 million) at the end of the 2016 fiscal year, which is up from (\$9.646) million at the end of the 2015 fiscal year. This is a 19.93 percent increase from the previous year.
- The District revenues increased 5.17 percent in the 2016 fiscal year compared to a 4.35 percent decrease in the 2015 fiscal year, while the District expenses increased 5.93 percent in the 2016 fiscal year compared to a 6.06 percent decrease in the 2015 fiscal year. Please refer to Table A-2 for a breakdown of the revenues and expenses.
- The Fort Dodge Community School District certified enrollment count taken on October 1, 2015, was 3,766.9. This count represents a decrease of 0.2 students from the prior year. The historic enrollment trend for the District has been downward; however, recent local economic development has provided job growth in the area which can be attributed to enrollment stability.
- The 2016 special education program ended the year with a surplus balance of \$704,045. The balance in fiscal year 2015 was a deficit \$15,905.

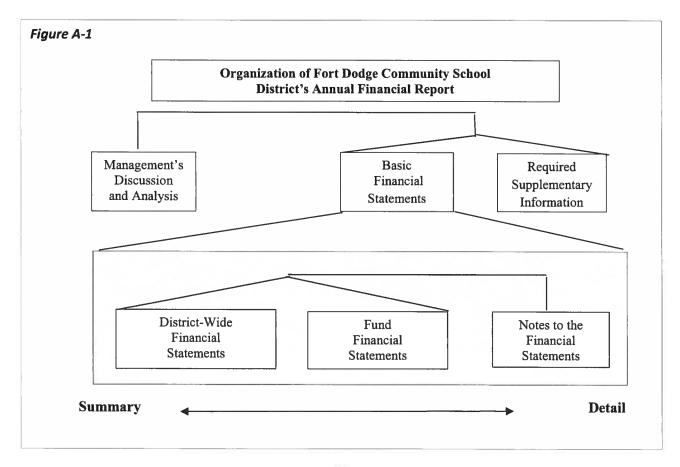
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts--management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how basic services like regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary funds statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the district operates like businesses, such as food services.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year. Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.



OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Figure A-2 on this page summarizes the major feature of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2
Major Features of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

	District-wide	Fund Financial Statements						
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds				
Scope	Entire District	The activities of the District that are not proprietary, such as special education and building maintenance	Activities the District operates similar to private businesses; school nutrition and the medical self insurance internal service fund included here	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies				
Required financial statements	Statement of net position Statement of activities	Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances	Statement of net position Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position Statement of cash flows	Statement of fiduciary net position Statement of changes in fiduciary net position				
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus				
Type of asset/liability	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long- term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both short- term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can				
Type of inflow/ outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid				

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's *net position* and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's health or *financial position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.
- To assess the overall health of the District, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities—Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. Property taxes and state aid finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities—The District charges fees to help cover the costs of certain services it provides. The District's food service program is included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's *funds*, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, such as repaying its long-term debts, or to show that it is properly using certain revenues, such as federal grants.

The District has three kinds of funds:

• Governmental funds - Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, we provide additional information with the governmental funds statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.

The District's governmental funds include the General Fund, the Special Revenue Funds, the Debt Service Fund and the Capital Projects Fund.

The required financial statements for governmental funds include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

• Proprietary funds - Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the government-wide financial statements. The District's Enterprise Fund, School Nutrition, one type of proprietary fund, is the same as its business-type activities, but provides more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. Internal service funds (the other kind of proprietary fund) are used to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities. The District currently has three internal service funds which handle the Self-Funded Health Account, the Flexible Spending Account and the Self-Funded Dental Account.

The required financial statements for proprietary funds include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position and a Statement of Cash Flows.

Reconciliations between the government-wide financial statements and the governmental fund financial statements follow the governmental fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net Position. Table A-1 below provides a comparison of the District's net position as of June 30.

	Table A-1 Condensed Statement of Net Position								
	Government	al Activities		pe Activities	To School	Percentage Change			
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2015-2016		
Assets:									
Current and other assets	\$ 74,830,478	\$ 41,298,940	\$ 879,633	\$ 759,622	\$ 75,710,111	\$ 42,058,562	80.01%		
Capital assets	53,537,505	52,287,265	185,653	169,247	53,723,158	52,456,512	2.41%		
Total assets	128,367,983	93,586,205	1,065,286	928,869	129,433,269	94,515,074	36.94%		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,078,060	2,815,689	4,162	5,271	3,082,222	2,820,960	9.26%		
Liabilities:									
Long-term debt outstanding	77,071,035	46,902,592	23,852	19,129	77,094,887	46,921,721	64.31%		
Other liabilities	6,049,571	5,191,352	206,437	193,476	6,256,008	5,384,828	16.18%		
Total liabilities	83,120,606	52,093,944	230,289	212,605	83,350,895	52,306,549	59.35%		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	17,812,079	19,647,567	2,483	8,394	17,814,562	19,655,961	-9.37%		
Net Position:									
Net investment in capital assets	24,359,841	23,260,054	185,653	169,247	24,545,494	23,429,301	4.76%		
Restricted	14,528,224	11,590,540	-	-	14,528,224	11.590.540	25.35%		
Unrestricted	(8,374,707)	(10,190,211)	651,023	543,894	(7,723,684)	(9,646,317)	-19.93%		
Total net position	\$ 30,513,358	\$ 24,660,383	\$ 836,676	\$ 713,141	\$ 31,350,034	\$ 25,373,524	23.55%		

The District's combined net position was larger on June 30, 2016, than it was the year before--increasing 23.55% to \$31.350 million. (See Table A-1). Most of this change in the District's financial position came from its governmental activities; the net position grew \$5.853 million to \$30.513 million. The net position of the District's business-type activities increased 17.32% to \$0.837 million.

The District's financial position is the product of many factors. The various sources of tax revenue, grants, and charges for services exceeded related expenditures. The one percent local option sales tax funding in the Capital Projects Fund has been especially helpful to the district. The \$3.595 million sales tax revenue received is exclusively used for capital projects, which will be expensed as depreciation over many years on the Statement of Activities.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

Cash and pooled investments for governmental funds totaled \$55.997 million or 42.60% of total assets and deferred outflows, up from 26.05% from fiscal 2015. Cash balances are needed at June 30th of each year to fund the district general fund operations in July, August, and the first half of September, when there is very little state aid or property tax revenue.

U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) requires that the property taxes certified in April (the lien date) for the upcoming fiscal year be accrued as a receivable and shown as unearned revenue liability. The future property tax receivable of \$15.830 million and related unearned revenue liability on the Statement of Net Position result from this requirement. Net property and equipment (capital assets) of \$53.723 million represents 41.51% of total assets for the 2016 fiscal year compared with \$52.457 million and 55.50% of total assets for the 2015 fiscal year.

Changes in Statement of Activities

Table A-2 recasts the Statement of Activities into a traditional revenue and expenses format. State aid accounts for 38.08% of total revenue, and general property tax accounts for 23.10% for the 2016 fiscal year, compared with 38.57% and 24.84%, respectively, for the 2015 fiscal year. Specific categorical grants and contributions from state, federal, and private sources account for 21.67% of revenue for the 2016 fiscal year compared with 19.24% for the 2015 fiscal year. The local option sales tax dedicated to school infrastructure totals 6.66% for 2016 compared with 6.90% for the 2015 fiscal year. The charges for services, mainly tuition and student co-curricular activities, account for 5.25% for the 2016 fiscal year compared with 5.21% for the 2015 fiscal year. (See Table A-2).

Of the District's expenses for 2016, 56.32% are predominately related to the instruction of students, compared with 57.85% for 2015. All other non-instructional expenses accounted for 43.68% in 2016 compared with 42.15% of expenses for 2015. (See Figure A-4). These categories contain many line items directly supporting students and instruction, such as guidance, health, media, technology, improvement of instruction, and student transportation and food service program costs and depreciation expense not directly allocated to any functional area.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

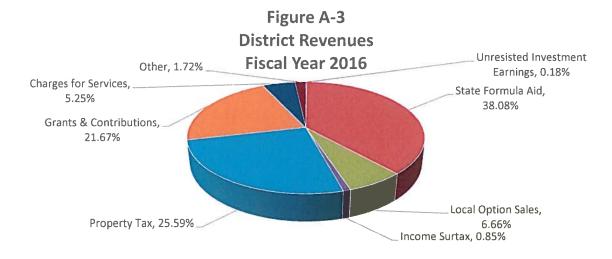
FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

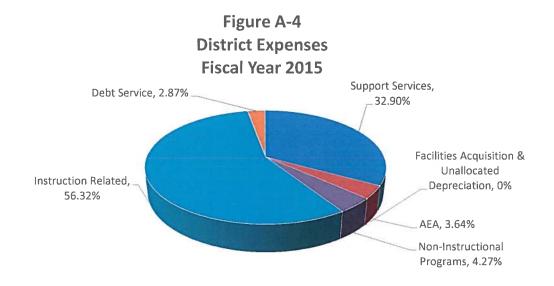
Changes in Statement of Activities (Continued)

Operations and maintenance and building administration are also significant in the support services area. The State of Iowa by formula funds local school districts for the services of area education agencies and then pays these dollars directly to the agency.

				Table A-2			
			Cha	inges in Net Posit	ion		
					To	tal	Total
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-t	ype Activities	School	District	Change
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2015-2016
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for service	\$ 2,108,560	\$ 1,973,885	\$ 724,307	\$ 697,803	\$ 2,832,867	\$ 2,671,688	6.03%
Operating grants and contribution	10,174,856	8,358,630	1,527,074	1,517,817	11,701,930	9,876,447	18.48%
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.00%
General revenues:							
Property taxes, general	12,473,875	12,751,972	•	-	12,473,875	12,751,972	-2.18%
Income surtax	461,409	745,346	-	-	461,409	745,346	-38.09%
Local Option Sales Tax	3,594,583	3,540,103	-	-	3,594,583	3,540,103	1.54%
Property tax, capital outlay	1,345,968	1,338,199	-	-	1,345,968	1,338,199	0.58%
State formula aid	20,562,490	19,800,927	-	-	20,562,490	19,800,927	3.85%
Unrestricted investment earnings	94,708	106,667	1,942	1,974	96,650	108,641	-11.04%
Other	924,701	506,497	-	-	924,701	506,497	82.57%
Total revenues	51,741,150	49,122,226	2,253,323	2,217,594	53,994,473	51,339,820	5.17%
Program expenses:							
Governmental activities:							
Instruction	27,043,073	26,221,950	-	-	27,043,073	26,221,950	3.13%
Student services	2,459,382	1,669,616	-	-	2,459,382	1,669,616	47.30%
Instructional staff services	2,782,257	1,841,517	-	-	2,782,257	1,841,517	51.09%
Administrative and business	4,240,101	3,916,208	86,081	55,173	4,326,182	3,971,381	8.93%
Maintenance and operations	4,929,476	5,070,926	-	-	4,929,476	5,070,926	-2.79%
Transportation	1,303,771	1,528,446	-	-	1,303,771	1,528,446	-14.70%
Non-instructional programs	4,690	3,841	2,043,707	2,092,636	2,048,397	2,096,477	-2.29%
Long-term debt interest							
and fiscal charges	1,376,656	1,242,995	_	_	1,376,656	1,242,995	10.75%
AEA flowthrough	1,748,769	1,685,930	_	_	1,748,769	1,685,930	3.73%
Depreciation (unallocated)	-,,	-	-	_	-,,	_	0.00%
Total expenses	45,888,175	43,181,429	2,129,788	2,147,809	48,017,963	45,329,238	5.93%
Increase in net position	\$ 5,852,975	\$ 5,940,797	\$ 123,535	\$ 69,785	\$ 5,976,510	\$ 6,010,582	-0.57%
•							
Ending net position	\$ 30,513,358	\$ 24,660,383	\$ 836,676	\$ 713,141	\$ 31,350,034	\$ 25,373,524	23.55%

Changes in Statement of Activities (Continued)





Governmental Activities

Revenues for governmental activities were \$51.741 million, while expenses amounted to \$45.888 million for 2016, compared with \$49.122 million and \$43.181 million for 2015. The District does need to watch expenses and strive to match as closely as possible with available revenues--the percentage increase in expenses of 6.27% was appropriate when compared to the revenue percentage increase of 5.33%. (See Table A-2).

Governmental Activities (Continued)

Table A-3 presents the cost of six major District activities: instruction, pupil and instructional services, administrative and business, maintenance and operations, transportation, and other. The table also shows each activity's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

			Table	A-3	1.20					
		Total and Net Cost of Governmental Activities								
	Total Cost	of Services	Change	Net Cost	of Services	Change				
	2016	2015	2015-2016	2016	2015	2015-2016				
Instruction	\$ 27,043,073	\$ 26,221,950	3.13%	\$ 16,587,084	\$ 18,054,808	-8.13%				
Pupil and instructional services	5,241,639	3,511,133	49.29%	5,241,639	3,511,133	49.29%				
Administrative and business	4,240,101	3,916,208	8.27%	4,240,101	3,502,892	21.05%				
Maintenance and operations	4,929,476	5,070,926	-2.79%	4,929,476	5,070,926	-2.79%				
Transportation	1,303,771	1,528,446	-14.70%	1,225,113	1,462,319	-16.22%				
Other	3,130,115	2,932,766	6.73%	1,381,346	1,246,836	10.79%				
Total	\$ 45,888,175	\$ 43,181,429	6.27%	\$ 33,604,759	\$ 32,848,914	2.30%				

- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$45.888 million.
- Some of the cost of \$2.109 million was financed by users of the District's programs.
- The federal and state governments and private contributors subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions of \$10.175 million.
- The net cost portion of governmental activities was financed with \$13.820 million in property taxes, \$0.461 million in income surtax, \$20.562 million in state aid, \$3.595 million in local option sales taxes, and \$1.019 million in interest and miscellaneous income.

Business - Type Activities

Revenues of the District's business-type activities (school nutrition services) were comprised of charges for the daily lunch and breakfasts, and federal and state reimbursements.

- During the 2016 fiscal year, the amount of excess revenue was \$123,535 compared to \$69,785 for the 2015 fiscal year. Revenues increased 1.62% to \$2,253,323, while expenses decreased 0.84% to \$2,129,788.
- During the 2006-2007 fiscal year, the District outsourced the food service employees to Taher, Inc. We have completed the tenth year under this arrangement, and it continues to work well for the district.
- Lunch prices increased this year by 10 cents in both student categories. The increase is due to the federally mandated lunch pricing equity guidelines and the rising costs of food.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. (Refer to the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances–Governmental Funds.) As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$50.599 million – 149.81% higher than the prior year's ending fund balance of \$20.255 million.

The District's General Fund financial position increased to \$10,477,034 at June 30, 2016 from \$9,464,587 at June 30, 2015, representing a 10.70% increase.

The Capital Projects fund balance increased to \$32,403,971 at June 30, 2016 from \$3,771,814 at June 30 2015. This increase is due to the receipt of proceeds from a general obligation bond sale in FY 16.

In FY16 the enterprise fund (School Nutrition) showed a net gain of \$123,535. This was the eleventh year in a row for gains in the School Nutrition Fund. This increase was more than the previous year's net gain of \$69,785. The biggest reason for this change was an increase in sales from the 2014-2015 fiscal year to the 2015-2016 fiscal year.

Budgetary Highlights

- The District levied no cash reserve in the 2016 fiscal year, down from \$564,116 in the 2015 fiscal year. The cash reserve amount will vary based on the District's needs, especially depending on the special education deficit, the amount requested from the School Budget Review Committee for asbestos and safety projects, and the District's requirements for sufficient cash balances for cash flow needs.
- Budgeted expenditures include both unspent spending authority from the prior year and general fund revenues.
 - During fiscal year 2016 district expenditures in the other expenditures function exceeded the budget.
- The District's budget versus actual results was within acceptable management planning parameters. The final revenue variance was (\$76,112) for the 2016 fiscal year compared with \$930,012 for the 2015 fiscal year, a decrease of \$1,006,124. The final expenditure variance was \$2,097,169 for the 2016 fiscal year compared with \$5,287,127 for the 2015 fiscal year. This is a decrease of \$3,189,958 from the 2015 fiscal year to the 2016 fiscal year.
- The 2016 special education surplus was \$704,045. The balance in fiscal year 2015 was (\$15,905). The main reason for the deficit balance was the increase in Medicaid payments collected by the District.
- See the Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures/Expenses and Changes in Balances-Budget and Actual – All Governmental Funds and Proprietary Fund in the Required Supplementary Information section.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

By the end of FY16, the District had invested \$53.723 million (net accumulated depreciation of \$22.060 million) in a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings, athletic facilities, maintenance and administrative buildings, computer and audiovisual equipment, maintenance equipment, school buses, library holding, and textbooks. (More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note 5 to the financial statements). Total depreciation expense for the year was \$2.098 million.

					Capital A	-	able A-4	ecia	tion			
	Governmen	ital A	Activities		Business-t	ype A	Activities		To School	otal Dist	rict	Total Change
	Jur	ie 30),		Ju	ne 30	,		Jun	e 30	,	June 30,
	2016		2015	_	2016		2015		2016		2015	2015-2016
Land	\$ 2,121,473	\$	2,121,473	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,121,473	\$	2,121,473	0.00%
Construction in progress	2,171,290		232,853		•		-		2,171,290		232,853	832.47%
Buildings	46,854,717		47,834,866		-		-		46,854,717		47,834,866	-2.05%
Improvements, other than buildings	577,860		410,642		-		-		577,860		410,642	40.72%
Equipment and furniture	1,812,165		1,687,431		185,653		169,247		1,997,818		1,856,678	7.60%
Total	\$ 53,537,505	\$	52,287,265	\$	185,653	\$	169,247	_\$	53,723,158	\$	52,456,512	2.41%

Long-Term Liabilities

At year end the District had \$77.071 million in long-term obligations outstanding—an increase of 64.32% from last year, as shown in Table A-5. (More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 6. Notes 7 and 8 to the financial statements explain Pension Liability and Other Post-Employment Benefits—OPEB—that affected the District beginning in the 2009 fiscal year.)

		Outstan		Table A-5 Long-term Lia	bilities
		Total	rict	Total Change	
		2016		2015	2015-2016
Early retirement and other compensated absences	\$	3,280,117	\$	3,352,801	-2.17%
Revenue bonds		27,591,554		29,027,211	-4.95%
General obligation bonds		28,334,026		-	0.00%
Net pension liability		16,708,761		13,435,327	24.36%
Net OPEB liability	_	1,156,577		1,087,253	6.38%
Total	S	77,071,035	S	46,902,592	64.32%

• The District decreased its Early Retirement and Other Compensated Absences liability by \$72,684 during the year and increased the OPEB liability by \$69,324. The District issued \$30.495 million in revenue bonds during the 2012 fiscal year, and \$28.343 million in General Obligation Bonds in 2016.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of eight existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- Even though the District is the twenty-fifth largest in the state in terms of students, it has one of the lowest ratios of taxable property value per student. This tends to raise property tax levies per thousand dollars of valuation to the higher end. Local property tax sensitivity has developed. In order to develop an effective education budget, the District needs to rely partially on the property tax levy.
- The age of the District's five older elementary schools is a concern to the District. In order to deliver a modern education program using new technology and in order to control maintenance and safety costs, new elementary schools will need to be carefully examined and either replaced or added on to and updated. In 2008 the legislature adopted a statewide one cent sales tax for school infrastructure, which replaced the county-wide one half cent voted for the 10-year period that expired in July, 2009. This new school infrastructure funding mechanism will be in place until 2029 and will help the District provide for its long-term facility needs. The District has also completed a comprehensive building feasibility study to address these needs. The District has developed its building priority needs and will explore the options in 2016 and beyond.
- The District's primary source of revenue is the state of Iowa school aid formula. The allowable growth to schools was 2.24% for fiscal year 2016. Costs of providing a quality education program are rising faster than 2%. Teacher settlements alone over the past several years are in the 2.5% 4.5% range. If future allowable growth increases do not keep pace with expenditures, the District will have to make the necessary re-alignments in its educational delivery system to come into line with allowable growth.
- Approximately 80% of the general fund budget is salaries and benefits. Iowa law requires that unsettled salary negotiations for teachers go to mandatory arbitration. Invariably, arbitrated settlements are higher than current levels of allowable growth in funding. Education budgets are then squeezed. A solution needs to be found.
- The District's unspent budget authority increased during the 2016 fiscal year and is projected to increase for the 2017 fiscal year as more spending efficiencies are found.
- One of the key elements of the state of Iowa school aid formula is certified enrollment. Enrollment has remained flat during the last five years. When enrollment drops, it means less state aid. Stability or even increases in enrollment are critical to maintaining a solid financial picture.
- During FY13 the district took action to authorize an election to ask the voters for an increase of the levy to the statutory maximum of \$1.34. The voters approved an increase to the PPEL to the statutory maximum of \$1.34 per \$1,000 of taxable valuation and will remain in effect for a period of 10 years.
- During FY13 the board of education took action to renew the levy for a period of 5 years at the statutory maximum level of 10% of the districts regular program budget. Currently the levy is funded through a mix of property tax and income surtax and stands at 10% of the regular program.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Brandon Hansel, Board Treasurer/Director of Financial Services, Fort Dodge Community School District, Central Administration Building, 104 South 17th Street, Fort Dodge, Iowa, 50501 (Phone number: 515-574-5644, Fax number: 515-574-5322, or bhansel@fdschools.org).

FORT DODGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2016

	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 55,997,461	\$ 833,582	\$ 56,831,043
Receivables:			
Property tax:			
Current year	97,326	-	97,326
Succeeding year	15,830,417	-	15,830,417
Income surtax	454,652	-	454,652
Accounts	131,563	39,178	170,741
Due from other governments	2,319,059	-	2,319,059
Inventories	-	6,873	6,873
Capital assets not being depreciated	4,292,763	-	4,292,763
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	49,244,742	185,653	49,430,395
Total assets	128,367,983	1,065,286	129,433,269
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension related deferred outflows	3,078,060	4,162	3,082,222
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	1,439,248	200,596	1,639,844
Salaries and benefits payable	3,872,973	1,010	3,873,983
Accrued interest payable	720,842	-	720,842
Advances from grantors	16,508	-	16,508
Unearned revenue	· -	4,831	4,831
Long-term liabilities:			
Portion due within one year:			
Early retirement	135,173	-	135,173
Revenue bonds payable	1,390,000	-	1,390,000
General obligation bonds payable	1,485,000	-	1,485,000
Compensated absences	255,056	-	255,056
Portion due after one year:			
Revenue bonds payable	26,201,554	-	26,201,554
General obligation bonds payable	26,849,026	-	26,849,026
Compensated absences	2,889,888	-	2,889,888
Net pension liability	16,708,761	23,852	16,732,613
Net OPEB liability	1,156,577	-	1,156,577
Total liabilities	83,120,606	230,289	83,350,895

(Continued on next page)

Exhibit A (Continued)

FORT DODGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total
Deferred Inflows of Revenues					
Property taxes levied for subsequent years	\$	15,830,417	\$	-	15,830,417
Pension related deferred inflows		1,981,662		2,483	1,984,145
		17,812,079		2,483	17,814,562
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets		24,359,841		185,653	24,545,494
Restricted for:					
Categorical funding		1,381,265		-	1,381,265
Physical plant and equipment levy purposes		2,471,388		-	2,471,388
Management levy purposes		2,897,543		-	2,897,543
Student activities		431,148		-	431,148
Revenue bonds reserve fund		3,049,500		-	3,049,500
Debt service		1,340,039		-	1,340,039
Capital projects		2,957,341		-	2,957,341
Unrestricted		(8,374,707)		651,023	(7,723,684)
Total net position	\$	30,513,358	\$	836,676	\$ 31,350,034

See notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2016

					Progr	am Revenues	
Functions/Programs:		Expenses	C	Charges for Services	Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest		
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction:							
Regular instruction	\$	15,621,892	\$	676,044	\$	4,923,478	
Special instruction		6,871,449		312,406		1,962,868	
Other instruction		4,549,732		1,041,452		1,539,741	
		27,043,073		2,029,902		8,426,087	
Support services:							
Student		2,459,382		_		_	
Instructional staff		2,782,257		_		-	
Administration		4,240,101		_		_	
Operation and maintenance of plant		4,929,476		_		_	
Transportation		1,303,771		78,658		-	
		15,714,987		78,658		-	
Non-instructional programs		4,690		-			
Other:							
Long-term debt interest and fiscal charges		1,376,656		_		_	
AEA flowthrough		1,748,769		_		1,748,769	
2		3,125,425		-		1,748,769	
Total governmental activities	_	45,888,175		2,108,560		10,174,856	

Net (Expense) Re	evenue
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		Net (Expense) Revenue					
Contra	Capital Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest		overnmental Activities	В	Susiness-type Activities		Total
\$	-	\$	(10,022,370)	\$	-	\$	(10,022,370)
	-		(4,596,175)		-		(4,596,175)
	-		(1,968,539)		-		(1,968,539)
	-		(16,587,084)		-		(16,587,084)
	- - - - -	_	(2,459,382) (2,782,257) (4,240,101) (4,929,476) (1,225,113) (15,636,329)		- - - -		(2,459,382) (2,782,257) (4,240,101) (4,929,476) (1,225,113) (15,636,329)
	•		(4,690)				(4,690)
	-		(1,376,656)		-		(1,376,656)
	-		(1,376,656)		-		(1,376,656)
	-		(33,604,759)				(33,604,759)

(Continued on next page)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED) Year Ended June 30, 2015

				Prog	ram Revenues
Functions/Programs:		Expenses	harges for Services	C	rating Grants, ontributions nd Restricted Interest
Business-type Activities: Support services: Food service operations	_\$_	86,081	\$ -	\$	
Non-instructional programs: Food service operations		2,043,707	 724,307		1,527,074
Total business-type activities		2,129,788	 724,307		1,527,074
Total	\$	48,017,963	\$ 2,832,867	\$	11,701,930

General Revenues:

Property taxes, levied for:
General purposes
Capital outlay
Income surtax
Statewide sales, services and use tax
Unrestricted state and federal grants
Unrestricted investment earnings
Other

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position, beginning of year

Net position, end of year

See notes to financial statements.

		Net (Expense) Revenue							
Contrand R	al Grants, ributions Restricted terest	G	overnmental Activities		ısiness-type Activities	Total			
\$	_	\$	_	\$	(86,081)	\$	(86,081)		
		Ψ		Ψ	(60,001)	Ψ	(60,001)		
	-		-		207,674		207,674		
			-		121,593		121,593		
\$			(33,604,759)		121,593		(33,483,166)		
			12,473,875 1,345,968 461,409 3,594,583 20,562,490 94,708 924,701 39,457,734 5,852,975		1,942 - 1,942 - 123,535		12,473,875 1,345,968 461,409 3,594,583 20,562,490 96,650 924,701 39,459,676 5,976,510		
			24,660,383		713,141		25,373,524		
		\$	30,513,358	\$	836,676	\$	31,350,034		

$\begin{array}{l} \textbf{BALANCE\,S\,HEET\,-\,GOVERNMENTAL\,FUNDS}\\ \textbf{June\,30,2016} \end{array}$

Assets	General	Caj	pital Projects	Nonmajor		Total
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 13,952,315	\$	31,699,904	\$ 7,715,674	\$	53,367,893
Receivables:						
Property tax:						
Current year	80,281		9,192	7,853		97,326
Succeeding year	11,382,083		1,413,167	3,035,167		15,830,417
Income surtax Accounts	227,326 124,826		227,326	-		454,652
Due from other funds	2,710		- 456,053	- 12,876		124,826 471,639
Due from other governments	1,726,669		590,390	2,000		2,319,059
g	 1,720,007		370,370	2,000		2,517,057
Total assets	\$ 27,496,210	\$	34,396,032	\$ 10,773,570	\$	72,665,812
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 1,051,357	\$	351,568	\$ 17,470	\$	1,420,395
Salaries and benefits payable	3,872,973		-	-		3,872,973
Advances from grantors	16,508		-	-		16,508
Due to other funds	 468,929			2,703		471,632
Total liabilities	 5,409,767		351,568	 20,173		5,781,508
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Unavailable revenues:						
Succeeding year property tax	11,382,083		1,413,167	3,035,167		15,830,417
Succeeding year income surtax	227,326		227,326	 -		454,652
Total deferred inflows of resources	 11,609,409		1,640,493	3,035,167		16,285,069
Fund Balances:						
Restricted for:						
Categorical funding	1,381,265			-		1,381,265
Revenue bonds reserve fund	-		-	3,049,500		3,049,500
Debt service	141		-	1,340,039		1,340,039
Management levy purposes	-		-	2,897,543		2,897,543
Student activities	-		-	431,148		431,148
School infrastructure	(-		2,957,341	_		2,957,341
Physical plant and equipment	-		2,698,714	-		2,698,714
Capital projects	-		26,747,916	-		26,747,916
Unassigned	9,095,769		-	-		9,095,769
Total fund balances	10,477,034		32,403,971	7,718,230		50,599,235
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources and fund balances	\$ 27,496,210	\$	34,396,032	\$ 10,773,570	_\$_	72,665,812

See notes to financial statements.

Exhibit D

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2016

Total fund balances of governmental funds (page 30)		\$	50,599,235
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.			53,537,505
Other long-term assets, including income surtax receivable, are not available to pay current year expenditures and, therefore, are reconized as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.			454,652
The Internal Service Fund net position is directly related to the governmental funds due to the types of services provided and are, therefore, included in the statement of net position under governmental activities.			2,617,445
Accrued interest payable on long-term liabilities is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.			(720,842)
Pension related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds, as follows: Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 3,078,060 (1,981,662)	_	1,096,398
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, compensated absences, net pension liability and net OPEB liability, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.			(77,071,035)
Net position of governmental activities (page 27)		\$	30,513,358

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30,2016

		General	Cap	ital Projects	Nonmajor	Total
Revenues:						
Local sources:						
Local tax	\$	11,837,623	\$	1,578,585	\$ 1,101,487	\$ 14,517,695
Tuition		988,450		-	-	988,450
Other		649,987		17,599	998,744	1,666,330
Intermediate sources		13,274		1,412	1,211	15,897
State sources		26,882,722		3,643,389	40,935	30,567,046
Federal sources		4,221,365		-	-	4,221,365
Total revenues		44,593,421		5,240,985	2,142,377	 51,976,783
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction		26,797,699		-	1,060,484	27,858,183
Support services:						
Student		2,563,397		-	-	2,563,397
Instructional staff		2,802,274		40,500	25,317	2,868,091
Administration		4,308,102		45,478	40,706	4,394,286
Operation and maintenance of plant		3,764,104		-	176,922	3,941,026
Transportation		1,592,749		-	97,498	 1,690,247
		15,030,626		85,978	340,443	15,457,047
Non-instructional programs		4,690			-	4,690
Other expenditures:						
Facilities acquisition		2		2,152,585	-	2,152,585
Long-term debt:						
Principal				-	1,340,000	1,340,000
Interest and fiscal charges		-		522,016	1,314,200	1,836,216
AEA flowthrough	_	1,748,769		-		1,748,769
		1,748,769		2,674,601	2,654,200	7,077,570
Total expenditures		43,581,784		2,760,579	4,055,127	50,397,490
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		1,011,637		2,480,406	(1,912,750)	1,579,293

(Continued on next page)

Exhibit E (Continued)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30,2016

	General		Capital Projects		Nonmajor		Total
Other financing sources (uses):		-					
General obligation bonds issued	\$	-	\$	28,460,000	\$	-	\$ 28,460,000
Premium on general obligation bonds issued		-		303,796		-	303,796
Proceeds from sale of equipment		810		-		-	810
Interfund transfers in		-		-		2,612,045	2,612,045
Interfund transfers out		-		(2,612,045)		-	(2,612,045)
Total other financing sources		810		26,151,751		2,612,045	28,764,606
Change in fund balances		1,012,447		28,632,157		699,295	30,343,899
Fund balances, beginning of year		9,464,587		3,771,814		7,018,935	 20,255,336
Fund balances, end of year	\$	10,477,034	\$	32,403,971	\$	7,718,230	\$ 50,599,235

See notes to financial statements.

resources in the Statement of Net Position.

2,184,866

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2016

Change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 33)		\$	30,343,899
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, those costs are not reported in the Statement of Net Position and are allocated over their estimates useful lives as depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities. The amounts of capital outlays and depreciation expenses in the year are as follows: Expenditures for capital assets Depreciation expense	\$ 3,320,565 (2,070,325)	_	1,250,240
Proceeds from issuing long-term liabilities provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net position. Current year issuances exceeded repayments, as follows:			
Issued Repaid	 (28,332,911) 1,434,542	-	(26,898,369)
Income surtax revenue not received until several months after the District's fiscal year-end is not considered available revenue and is deferred in the governmental funds. It is, however, recorded as revenue in the Statement of Activities.			(236,443)
The increase in the Internal Service Fund net position reflects an overcharge to governmental activities for the services provided. Expenses in the Statement of Activities are adjusted to reflect this overcharge.			554,227
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when due. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.			(65,867)
The current year District employer share of IPERS contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, but are reported as a deferred outflow of			

(Continued on next page)

Exhibit F (Continued)

5,852,975

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2016

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, as follows:

Early retirement	\$ 151,246
Compensated absences	(78,562)
Pension expense	(1,282,938)
Other postemployment benefits	(69,324) \$ (1,279,578)

Change in net position of governmental activities (page 29)

See notes to financial statements.

Exhibit G

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2016

Assets		onmajor nterprise Fund	Internal Service Fund
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Inventories	\$	833,582 39,178 6,873	\$ 2,629,568 6,737
Total current assets		879,633	 2,636,305
Noncurrent Assets: Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		185,653	
Total assets		1,065,286	 2,636,305
Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension related deferred outflows		4,162	-
Liabilities Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable		200,596 1,010	18,853
Unearned revenue Due to other funds Total current liabilities		4,831	7
Noncurrent liabilities:		206,437	18,860
Net pension liability Total noncurrent liabilities		23,852 23,852	-
Total liabilities		230,289	18,860
Deferred Inflows of Resources		230,269	16,800
Pension related deferred inflows		2,483	
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	6 -5-	185,653 651,023	 - 2,617,445
Total net position	\$	836,676	\$ 2,617,445

See notes to financial statements.

See notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND Year ended June 30, 2016

	Nonmajor Enterprise Fund	Internal Service Fund	
Operating revenues: Local sources:			
Charges for services	\$ 724,307	\$ 6,533,666	
Operating expenses: Support services: Internal service operations:			
Benefits	-	40,929	
Purchased services		5,945,399	
	<u> </u>	5,986,328	
Food service operations:			
Salaries	35,347	-	
Benefits	14,960	-	
Purchased services Other	25,232 10,542	-	
Other	86,081	<u> </u>	
Non-instructional programs: Food service operations:			
Purchased services	986,596	-	
Supplies	1,026,686	-	
Loss on disposition of assets	3,070	-	
Depreciation	27,355	-	
	2,043,707	-	
Total operating expenses	2,129,788	5,986,328	
Operating income (loss)	(1,405,481)	547,338	
Non-operating revenues:			
Interest on investments	1,942	6,889	
State sources	17,091	-	
Federal sources	1,509,983	-	
Total non-operating revenues	1,529,016	6,889	
Change in net position	123,535	554,227	
Net position, beginning of year	713,141	2,063,218	
Net position, end of year	\$ 836,676	\$ 2,617,445	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND Year ended June 30, 2016

	lonmajor nterprise Fund	Internal Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		•
Cash received from sale of lunches and breakfasts	\$ 719,282	\$ -
Cash received from miscellaneous operating activities	-	6,527,985
Cash payments to employees for services	(85,150)	-
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services	(1,843,562)	(5,971,795)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(1,209,430)	556,190
Cash Flows from Non-capital Financing Activities:		
State grants received	17,091	-
Federal grants received	1,356,549	-
Payment on interfund payable	(12,994)	-
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	1,360,646	-
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:		
Acquisition of capital assets	 (46,831)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Interest on investments	 1,942	6,889
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	106,327	563,079
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	 727,255	 2,066,489
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 833,582	\$ 2,629,568

(Continued on next page)

Exhibit I (Continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND Year ended June 30, 2016

	Nonmajor Enterprise Fund	Internal Service Fund
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to		
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$ (1,405,481)	\$ 547,338
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to		
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation	27,355	-
Loss on disposition of assets	3,070	-
Commodities used	153,434	-
(Increase) in accounts receivable	(4,972)	(5,681)
Decrease in inventories	4,282	-
Increase in accounts payable	12,004	14,526
Increase in due to other funds	-	7
Increase in salaries and benefits payable	1,010	-
(Decrease) in unearmed revenue	(53)	-
Increase in net pension liability	4,723	-
Decrease in deferred outflows of resources	1,109	•
(Decrease) in deferred inflows of resources	 (5,911)	 -
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (1,209,430)	\$ 556,190

Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities:

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the District received \$153,434 of federal commodities.

See notes to financial statements.

Exhibit J

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2016

	Private Purpos e Trus t
	Scholarship
Assets:	
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 367,172
Due from other funds	56
Total assets	367,228
Liabilities:	
None	<u> </u>
Net Position:	
Restricted for scholarships	\$ 367,228

See notes to financial statements.

Exhibit K

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2016

	Private Purpose Trust
	Scholarship
Additions:	
Local sources:	
Gifts and contributions	\$ 4,700
Interest	2,613
Total additions	7,313
Deductions:	
Support services:	
Scholarships awarded	26,475
Change in net position	(19,162)
Net position, beginning of year	386,390
Net position, end of year	\$ 367,228

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Fort Dodge Community School District is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa and operates public schools for children in grades kindergarten through twelve and special education pre-kindergarten. Additionally, the District either operates or sponsors various adult education programs. These courses include remedial education as well as vocational and recreational courses. The geographic area served includes the City of Fort Dodge, Iowa and agricultural territory in Webster County. The District is governed by a Board of Education whose members are elected on a non-partisan basis.

The District's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

A. Reporting Entity:

For financial reporting purposes, Fort Dodge Community School District has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District. The District has no component units that meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

<u>Jointly Governed Organizations</u> – The District participates in a jointly governed organization that provides services to the District but does not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. The District is a member of the Webster County Assessor's Conference Board.

B. Basis of Presentation:

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. Except for interfund services provided, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovern-mental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for service.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in the following categories:

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes, and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation did not result in any restricted net position.

Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the preceding categories. Unrestricted net position is often subject to constraints imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation (continued):

Government-wide Financial Statements (continued) -

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds. Combining schedules are also included for the Capital Project Fund accounts.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. All general tax revenues and other revenues not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating expenditures, including instructional, support and other costs.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

The District's non-major proprietary funds include the Enterprise, School Nutrition Fund, which is used to account for the food service operations of the District; the Internal Service, Self-funded Health Plan, which is used to account for the District's self-funded medical insurance plan; the Internal Service, Self-funded Dental Plan, which is used to account for the District's self-funded dental insurance plan; and the Internal Service, Flex Benefit Plan, which is used to account for the District's employee flexible benefits plan.

The District also reports fiduciary funds which focus on net position and changes in net position. The District's fiduciary fund includes the following:

The Private Purpose Trust Fund is used to account for assets held by the District under trust agreements which require income earned to be used to benefit individuals through scholarship awards.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year in which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued):

Property tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences are recognized as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

When an expenditure is incurred in governmental funds which can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the District's policy is generally to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to less-restrictive classifications – committed, assigned, and then unassigned fund balances.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's Enterprise Fund is charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for Enterprise Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The District maintains its financial records on the cash basis. The financial statements of the District are prepared by making memorandum adjusting entries to the cash basis financial records.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Equity:

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

<u>Cash, Cash Equivalents and Pooled Investments</u> – The cash balances of most District funds are pooled and invested. Investments are stated at fair value except for the investment in Iowa Schools Joint Investment Trust, which is valued at amortized cost and non-negotiable certificates of deposit which are stated at cost.

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, all short-term cash investments that are highly liquid are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and, at the day of purchase, have a maturity date no longer than three months.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Equity (continued):

<u>Property Tax Receivable</u> – Property tax in governmental funds is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date the tax asking is certified by the Board of Education. Delinquent property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Education to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the District is required to certify its budget in April of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1½% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2014 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified to the County Board of Supervisors in April 2015.

<u>Due from/to Other Funds</u> – During the course of its operations, the District may have certain transactions between funds or pooled cash balances. To the extent that these transactions between funds had not been repaid or received as of June 30, 2016, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements.

<u>Due from Other Governments</u> – Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Iowa, various shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments.

<u>Inventories</u> – Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method for purchased items and government commodities. Inventories of proprietary funds are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased or received.

<u>Capital Assets</u> — Capital assets, which include property, furniture and equipment and intangibles are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value. Acquisition value is the price that would have been paid to acquire a capital asset with equivalent service potential. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the following thresholds and estimated useful lives in excess of two years.

Asset Class	s Amount	
Land	\$	1,000
Buildings		25,000
Improvements other than buildings		10,000
Intangibles		100,000
Furniture and equipment:		
School Nutrition Fund equipment		500
Other furniture and equipment		3,000

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Equity (continued):

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Es timated Us eful Lives
Asset Class	(in Years)
Buildings	50
Improvements other than buildings	20 - 50
Furniture and equipment:	5 - 15

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>: Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position applicable to a future year(s) which will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred outflows of resources consist of unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense and contributions from the District after the measurement date but before the end of the District's reporting period.

<u>Salaries and Benefits Payable</u> – Payroll and related expenditures for teachers with annual contracts corresponding to the current school year, which are payable in July and August, have been accrued as liabilities.

<u>Advances from Grantors</u> – Grant proceeds which have been received by the District but will be spent in a succeeding fiscal year.

<u>Pensions</u> - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS) and additions to/deductions from IPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by IPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions, are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> – Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position applicable to a future year(s) which will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements represent the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources consist of property tax receivable and other receivables not collected within sixty days after year-end.

Deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position consist of succeeding year property tax receivable that will not be recognized until the year for which it is levied and the unamortized portion of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.

<u>Long-term Liabilities</u> – In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities column in the Statement of Net Position. The early retirement liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the special revenue management levy. The net pension and OPEB liabilities attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the general fund.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Equity (continued):

Compensated Absences – District employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation and severance benefits payable to employees. Severance benefits accumulate up to 120 days for most employee service groups and are applicable for employees hired prior to July 1, 2006. A liability is recorded when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental fund financial statements only for employees who have resigned or retired. The compensated absences liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect on June 30, 2016. The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

<u>Fund Equity</u> – In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Restricted – Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or state or federal laws or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – Amounts which can be used only for specific purposes determined pursuant to constraints formally imposed by the Board of Education through resolution approved prior to year-end. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same action it employed to commit those amounts.

Unassigned – All amounts not included in the preceding classifications.

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. During the year ended June 30, 2016, expenditures exceeded the amounts budgeted in the other expenditures function.

F. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through November 20, 2016, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Events occurring after that date have not been evaluated to determine whether a change in the financial statements would be required.

Note 2. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Pooled Investments

The District's deposits in banks at June 30, 2016 were entirely covered by Federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to ensure there will be no loss of public funds.

The District is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Education; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

At June 30, 2016, the District had the following investments:

Туре		Aı	mortized Cost
Goldman Sachs Financial Square Government Fund	32	\$	16,520

The District uses the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The recurring fair value measurement for the Goldman Sachs Financial Square Government Fund was determined using the quoted market price. (Level 1 inputs)

Custodial Credit Risk – The District has no policy in place regarding custodial credit risk and deposits with financial institutions, however, deposits are insured by the state sinking fund, which provides for additional assessments against depositories to avoid loss of public funds.

Note 3. Due From and Due To Other Funds

The detail of interfund receivables and payables at year ended June 30, 2016 is as follows:

Receivable Fund Payable Fund		 Amount
Amounts due to transactions between funds:		
General	Special Revenues, Student Activity	\$ 2,452
General	Debt Service	250
General	Internal Service	8
Capital Projects Fund, PPEL	General	456,053
Special Revenues, Student Activity	General	 12,876
Total		\$ 471,639

These receivables and payables between funds arise from timing differences involved in the reimbursement of expenses at year-end. The balances are to be repaid by June 30, 2017.

Note 4. Interfund Transfers

The detail of the interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2016 is as follows:

Transfer to	Transfer from	Amount
Debt Service	Capital Projects, Statewide Sales, Services and Use Tax	\$ 2,612,045

Transfers generally move revenues from the fund statutorily required to collect the resources to the fund statutorily required to expend the resources.

The transfer from the Capital Projects Fund to the Debt Service Fund was for the retirement of bond principal and interest.

Note 5. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 is as follows:

		Balance						Balance
		Beginning						End of
		of Year		Increases]	Decreases		Year
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	2,121,473	\$	-	\$	_	\$	2,121,473
Construction in progress		232,853		2,513,062		(574,625)		2,171,290
Total capital assets not being depreciated		2,354,326		2,513,062		(574,625)		4,292,763
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		63,458,512		515,215		(534,983)		63,438,744
Improvements other than buildings		721,403		213,073		(17,375)		917,101
Furniture and equipment		6,302,004		653,840		(293,409)		6,662,435
Total capital assets being depreciated		70,481,919		1,382,128		(845,767)		71,018,280
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		15,623,646		1,495,364		(534,983)		16,584,027
Improvements other than buildings		310,761		45,855		(17,375)		339,241
Furniture and equipment		4,614,573		529,106		(293,409)		4,850,270
Total accumulated depreciation		20,548,980		2,070,325		(845,767)		21,773,538
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		49,932,939		(688,197)		-		49,244,742
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	52,287,265	\$	1,824,865	\$	(574,625)	\$	53,537,505
Pusiness type estivities								
Business-type activities:	ď	427 677	•	46 021	•	(13.300)	•	453 330
Furniture and equipment	\$	437,677	\$	46,831	\$	(12,280)	\$	472,228
Less accumulated depreciation		268,430		27,355		(9,210)		286,575
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	169,247	\$	19,476	\$	(3,070)	\$	185,653

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Equity (continued):

<u>Property Tax Receivable</u> – Property tax in governmental funds is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date the tax asking is certified by the Board of Education. Delinquent property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Education to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the District is required to certify its budget in April of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1½% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2014 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified to the County Board of Supervisors in April 2015.

<u>Due from/to Other Funds</u> – During the course of its operations, the District may have certain transactions between funds or pooled cash balances. To the extent that these transactions between funds had not been repaid or received as of June 30, 2016, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements.

<u>Due from Other Governments</u> – Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Iowa, various shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments.

<u>Inventories</u> – Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method for purchased items and government commodities. Inventories of proprietary funds are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased or received.

<u>Capital Assets</u> — Capital assets, which include property, furniture and equipment and intangibles are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value. Acquisition value is the price that would have been paid to acquire a capital asset with equivalent service potential. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the following thresholds and estimated useful lives in excess of two years.

Asset Class	 Amount		
Land	\$ 1,000		
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Improvements other than buildings	10,000		
Intangibles	100,000		
Furniture and equipment:			
School Nutrition Fund equipment	500		
Other furniture and equipment	3,000		

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Equity (continued):

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
	Us eful Lives
asset Class	(in Years)
Buildings	50
Improvements other than buildings	20 - 50
Furniture and equipment:	5 - 15

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>: Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position applicable to a future year(s) which will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred outflows of resources consist of unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense and contributions from the District after the measurement date but before the end of the District's reporting period.

<u>Salaries and Benefits Payable</u> – Payroll and related expenditures for teachers with annual contracts corresponding to the current school year, which are payable in July and August, have been accrued as liabilities.

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<u>Pensions</u> - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS) and additions to/deductions from IPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by IPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions, are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> – Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position applicable to a future year(s) which will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements represent the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources consist of property tax receivable and other receivables not collected within sixty days after year-end.

Deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position consist of succeeding year property tax receivable that will not be recognized until the year for which it is levied and the unamortized portion of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.

<u>Long-term Liabilities</u> – In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities column in the Statement of Net Position. The early retirement liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the special revenue management levy. The net pension and OPEB liabilities attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the general fund.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Equity (continued):

Compensated Absences – District employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation and severance benefits payable to employees. Severance benefits accumulate up to 120 days for most employee service groups and are applicable for employees hired prior to July 1, 2006. A liability is recorded when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental fund financial statements only for employees who have resigned or retired. The compensated absences liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect on June 30, 2016. The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

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E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. During the year ended June 30, 2016, expenditures exceeded the amounts budgeted in the other expenditures function.

F. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through November 20, 2016, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Events occurring after that date have not been evaluated to determine whether a change in the financial statements would be required.

Note 2. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Pooled Investments

The District's deposits in banks at June 30, 2016 were entirely covered by Federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to ensure there will be no loss of public funds.

The District is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Education; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

At June 30, 2016, the District had the following investments:

Туре	Aı	mortized Cost
Goldman Sachs Financial Square Government Fund	\$	16,520

The District uses the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The recurring fair value measurement for the Goldman Sachs Financial Square Government Fund was determined using the quoted market price. (Level 1 inputs)

Custodial Credit Risk – The District has no policy in place regarding custodial credit risk and deposits with financial institutions, however, deposits are insured by the state sinking fund, which provides for additional assessments against depositories to avoid loss of public funds.

Note 3. Due From and Due To Other Funds

The detail of interfund receivables and payables at year ended June 30, 2016 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	 Amount	
Amounts due to transactions between funds:		
General	Special Revenues, Student Activity	\$ 2,452
General	Debt Service	250
General	Internal Service	8
Capital Projects Fund, PPEL	General	456,053
Special Revenues, Student Activity	General	 12,876
Total		\$ 471,639

These receivables and payables between funds arise from timing differences involved in the reimbursement of expenses at year-end. The balances are to be repaid by June 30, 2017.

Note 4. Interfund Transfers

The detail of the interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2016 is as follows:

Transfer to	Transfer from	Amount
Debt Service	Capital Projects, Statewide Sales, Services and Use Tax	\$ 2,612,045

Transfers generally move revenues from the fund statutorily required to collect the resources to the fund statutorily required to expend the resources.

The transfer from the Capital Projects Fund to the Debt Service Fund was for the retirement of bond principal and interest.

Note 5. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 is as follows:

-		Balance Beginning		`.				Balance End of
		of Year		Increases		Decreases		Year
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:	_							
Land	\$	2,121,473	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,121,473
Construction in progress		232,853		2,513,062		(574,625)		2,171,290
Total capital assets not being depreciated		2,354,326		2,513,062		(574,625)		4,292,763
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		63,458,512		515,215		(534,983)		63,438,744
Improvements other than buildings		721,403		213,073		(17,375)		917,101
Furniture and equipment		6,302,004		653,840		(293,409)		6,662,435
Total capital assets being depreciated		70,481,919		1,382,128		(845,767)		71,018,280
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		15,623,646		1,495,364		(534,983)		16,584,027
Improvements other than buildings		310,761		45,855		(17,375)		339,241
Furniture and equipment		4,614,573		529,106		(293,409)		4,850,270
Total accumulated depreciation		20,548,980		2,070,325		(845,767)		21,773,538
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		49,932,939		(688,197)		_		49,244,742
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	52,287,265	\$	1,824,865	\$	(574,625)	\$	53,537,505
The state of the s								
Business-type activities:	Φ.	405 455	_			44.50-1		.== ===
Furniture and equipment	\$	437,677	\$	46,831	\$	(12,280)	\$	472,228
Less accumulated depreciation		268,430		27,355		(9,210)		286,575
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	169,247	\$	19,476	S	(3,070)	s	185,653

Note 5. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the following functions: Governmental activities: Instruction: Regular \$ 143,541 Special 9,267 Other 11,680 Support services: Operation and maintenance of plant 1,671,321 Transportation 234,516 Total governmental activities depreciation expense 2,070,325

\$

27,355

Note 6. Long-term Liabilities

Business-type activities: Food service operations

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2016 are summarized as follows:

	Balance				Balance		
	Beginning				End of	I	Due Within
	of Year	Additions]	Reductions	Year		One Year
Governmental activities:							
Revenue bonds	\$ 27,975,000	\$ -	\$	1,340,000	\$ 26,635,000	\$	1,390,000
Add: Bond premium	1,480,118	-		134,557	1,345,561		-
Less: Deferred charges	 (427,907)	-		(38,900)	 (389,007)		-
	29,027,211	-		1,435,657	27,591,554		1,390,000
General obligation bonds	-	28,460,000		-	28,460,000		1,485,000
Add: Bond premium	-	303,796		2,665	301,131		-
Less: Deferred charges	 -	(430,885)		(3,780)	(427,105)		-
	-	28,332,911		(1,115)	28,334,026		1,485,000
Early retirement	286,419	104,703		255,949	135,173		135,173
Compensated absences	3,066,382	78,562		-	3,144,944		255,056
Net pension liability	13,435,327	3,273,434		-	16,708,761		-
Net OPEB liability	 1,087,253	69,324		•	1,156,577		-
Total	\$ 46,902,592	\$ 31,858,934	\$	1,690,491	\$ 77,071,035	\$	3,265,229
Busines-type activities:							
Net pension liability	\$ 19,129	\$ 4,723	\$		\$ 23,852	\$	-

<u>Early Retirement</u> – The District offered a voluntary early retirement plan to all employees for the year ended June 30, 2016. Eligible employees must be at least age fifty-five and employees must have completed ten years of continuous service to the District. Employees must complete an application which is required to be approved by the Board of Education.

The early retirement benefit for each eligible employee is \$1,000 plus a severance benefit tied to that employee's classification. Professional support employees will receive 140% of their severance benefit, which is calculated by multiplying the employee's per diem pay rate times their unused personal illness days, up to a maximum of 120 days. Teachers will receive 250% of their severance benefit, or 100% of severance plus a lump sum, calculated by multiplying \$94.27 times the number of unused personal illness days, up to a maximum of 120 days. Custodial/maintenance will receive 140% of their severance benefit, or 100% of severance plus a lump sum, calculated by multiplying various applicable hourly rates times the number of unused personal illness days, up to a maximum of 105 days. The benefit of all early retirees will be placed in a non-elective 403(b) account.

Note 6. Long-term Liabilities (Continued)

<u>Early Retirement (continued)</u>: The early retirement incentives for prior years consisted of various different plans. Details of those plans are available upon request of District management.

At June 30, 2016, the District has obligations to 18 participants with a total liability of \$135,173. Actual early retirement expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2016 totaled \$255,949. The long-term portion of early retirement is recorded as a long-term liability of the Governmental Activities in the government-wide financial statements.

General Obligation Bonds - Details of the District's June 30, 2016 general obligation indebtedness are as follows:

	Is sued Dated May 11, 2016					
	Interest					
	Rate	Principal	Interest	Total		
2017	2.00%	\$ 1,485,000	\$ 648,667	\$ 2,133,667		
2018	2.00%	1,495,000	637,500	2,132,500		
2019	2.00%	1,525,000	607,600	2,132,600		
2020	2.00%	1,560,000	577,100	2,137,100		
2021	2.00%	1,590,000	545,900	2,135,900		
2022	2.00%	1,620,000	514,100	2,134,100		
2023	2.00%	1,655,000	481,700	2,136,700		
2024	2.00%	1,685,000	448,600	2,133,600		
2025	2.00%	1,720,000	414,900	2,134,900		
2026	2.00%	1,755,000	380,500	2,135,500		
2027	2.25%	1,790,000	345,400	2,135,400		
2028	2.50%	1,830,000	305,125	2,135,125		
2029	2.75%	1,250,000	259,375	1,509,375		
2030	3.00%	1,250,000	225,000	1,475,000		
2031	3.00%	1,250,000	187,500	1,437,500		
2032	3.00%	1,250,000	150,000	1,400,000		
2033	3.00%	1,250,000	112,500	1,362,500		
2034	3.00%	1,250,000	75,000	1,325,000		
2035	3.00%	1,250,000	37,500	1,287,500		
		\$ 28,460,000	\$ 6,953,967	\$ 35,413,967		

Revenue Bonds - Details of the District's revenue bonded indebtedness at June 30, 2016 are as follows:

					St	atewide Sal	es, S	Services and I	Jse '	Гах			
Year	Boı	nd Is	sue of Octob	er 1,	2011	Bo	nd Is	sue of Janua	ry 5,	2012	To	otal	
Ending	Interest					Interest					-		
June 30	Rate		Principal		Interest	Rate		Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest
2017	4.00%	\$	1,390,000	\$	803,350	4.53%	\$	-	\$	453,000	\$ 1,390,000	\$	1,256,350
2018	4.00%		1,450,000		747,750	4.53%		-		453,000	1,450,000		1,200,750
2019	5.00%		1,505,000		689,750	4.53%		-		453,000	1,505,000		1,142,750
2020	5.00%		1,580,000		614,500	4.53%		-		453,000	1,580,000		1,067,500
2021	5.00%		1,660,000		535,500	4.53%		-		453,000	1,660,000		988,500
2022-2026	5.00%		9,050,000		1,346,000	4.53%		585,000		2,265,000	9,635,000		3,611,000
2027-2030			-		-	4.53%		9,415,000		1,089,692	9,415,000		1,089,692
		\$	16,635,000	\$	4,736,850		\$	10,000,000	\$	5,619,692	\$ 26,635,000	\$	10,356,542

The District pledged future statewide sales and services tax revenues to repay the \$20,495,000 and \$10,000,000 bonds issued in October of 2011 and January of 2012, respectively. The bonds were issued for the purpose of financing a portion of the costs of construction of a new middle school. The bonds are payable solely from the proceeds of the statewide sales, services and use tax revenues received by the District and are payable through 2030. The bonds are not a general obligation of the District. However, the debt is subject to the constitutional debt limitation of the District. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require nearly 83 percent of the statewide sales, services and use tax revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$36,991,542. For the current year, \$1,340,000 of principal payments were made and interest payments on the bonds totaled \$1,309,950. Total statewide sales and services tax revenues were \$3,594,582.

Note 6. Long-term Liabilities (Continued)

<u>Revenue Bonds (continued)</u> - The resolution providing for the issuance of the statewide sales, services and use tax revenue bonds includes the following provisions:

- 1. Bonds maturing after January 1, 2021, may be called for redemption by the issuer and paid before maturity on said date or any date thereafter.
- 2. \$3,049,500 of the proceeds from the bonds issued have been placed in a reserve account with a trustee. The reserve account may be used solely for the purpose of paying principal and interest on the bonds if insufficient money is available in the sinking account. The reserve account is part of the District's Debt Service Fund.

Proceeds from the statewide, sales, services and use tax shall be placed in a revenue account. Monies in the revenue account shall be transferred from the revenue account to the sinking account. Money in the sinking account shall be used to pay the interest and principal on the bonds. Any surplus monies remaining in the revenue fund, after the required transfer to the sinking account, may be used for any lawful purpose. The sinking fund is part of the Debt Service Fund.

Note 7. Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>: IPERS membership is mandatory for employees of the District, except for those covered by another retirement system. Employees of the District are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS). IPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which is available to the public by mail at 7401 Register Drive P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117 or at www.ipers.org.

IPERS benefits are established under Iowa Code chapter 97B and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 97B and the administrative rules are the official plan documents. The following brief description is provided for general informational purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information.

<u>Pension Benefits</u>: A Regular member may retire at normal retirement age and receive monthly benefits without an early-retirement reduction. Normal retirement age is age 65, anytime after reaching 62 with 20 or more years of covered employment, or when the member's years of service plus the member's age at the last birthday equals or exceeds 88, whichever comes first. These qualifications must be met on the member's first month of entitlement to benefits. Members cannot begin receiving retirement benefits before age 55. The formula used to calculate a Regular member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- A multiplier based on years of service.
- The member's highest five-year average salary, except members with service before June 20, 2012 will use the highest three-year average salary as of that date if it is greater than the highest five-year average salary.

If a member retires before normal retirement age, the member's monthly retirement benefit will be permanently reduced by an early-retirement reduction. The early-retirement reduction is calculated differently for service earned before and after July 1, 2012. For service earned before July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.25% for each month that the member receives benefits before the member's earliest normal retirement age. For service earned on or after July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.50% for each month the member receives benefits before age 65.

Generally, once a member selects a benefit option, a monthly benefit is calculated and remains the same for the rest of the member's lifetime. However, to combat the effects of inflation, retirees who began receiving benefits prior to July 1990 receive a guaranteed dividend with their regular November benefit payments.

Note 7. Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Disability and Death Benefits</u>: A vested member who is awarded federal Social Security disability or Railroad Retirement disability benefits is eligible to claim IPERS benefits regardless of age. Disability benefits are not reduced for early retirement. If a member dies before retirement, the member's beneficiary will receive a lifetime annuity or a lump-sum payment equal to the present actuarial value of the member's accrued benefit or calculated with a set formula, whichever is greater. When a member dies after retirement, death benefits depend on the benefit option the member selected at retirement.

Contributions: Contribution rates are established by IPERS following the annual actuarial valuation which applies IPERS' Contribution Rate Funding Policy and Actuarial Amortization Method. State statute limits the amount rates can increase or decrease each year to 1 percentage point. IPERS Contribution Rate Funding Policy requires that the actuarial contribution rate be determined using the "entry age normal" actuarial cost method and the actuarial assumptions and methods approved by the IPERS Investment Board. The actuarial contribution rate covers normal cost plus the unfunded actuarial liability payment based on a 30-year amortization period. The payment to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability is determined as a level percentage of payroll based on the Actuarial Amortization Method adopted by the Investment Board.

In fiscal year 2016, pursuant to the required rate, Regular members contributed 5.95% of covered payroll and the District contributed 8.93% of covered payroll, for a total rate of 14.88%.

The District's contributions to IPERS for the year ended June 30, 2016 were \$2,184,866.

Net Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: At June 30, 2016, the District reported a liability of \$16,732,613 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to IPERS relative to the contributions of all IPERS participating employers. At June 30, 2015, the District's proportion was 0.338684%, which was a decrease of 0.000569% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$875,241. At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 252,808	\$	-	
Changes of assumptions	460,691		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on IPERS' investments	-		1,392,591	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and the District's proportionate share				
of contributions	183,857		591,554	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 2,184,866		-	
Total	\$ 3,082,222	\$	1,984,145	

Note 7. Pension Plan (Continued)

\$2,184,866 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30,	
2017	\$ (602,261)
2018	(602,261)
2019	(602,261)
2020	700,270
2021	 19,724
Total	\$ (1,086,789)

There were no non-employer contributing entities at IPERS.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>: The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, as follows:

Rate of inflation (effectivde June 30, 2014)	3.00% per annum.
Rates of salary increase (effective June 30, 2010)	4.00 to 17.00%, average, including inflation. Rates vary by membership group.
Long-term investment rate of return (effective June 30, 1996)	7.50%, compounded annually, net of investment expense, including inflation.
Wage growth (effective June 30, 1990)	4.00% per annum, based on 3.00% inflation and 1.00% real wage inflation.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies with dates corresponding to those listed above.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

Note 7. Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued): The long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Asset Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Core plus fixed income	28%	2.04%
Domestic equity	24	6.29
International equity	16	6.75
Private equity/debt	11	11.32
Real estate	8	3.48
Credit opportunities	5	3.63
U.S. TIPS	5	1.91
Other real estate	2	6.24
Cash	1	(0.71)
Total	100%	

<u>Discount Rate:</u> The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed employee contributions will be made at the contractually required rate and contributions from the District will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the IPERS's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5%) than the current rate.

	1%		Discount		1%	
		Decrease (6.50)%		Rate (7.50)%		Increase (8.50)%
District's proportionate share of						
the net pension liability	\$	29,295,796	\$	16,732,613	\$	6,128,386

<u>IPERS' Fiduciary Net Position:</u> Detailed information about IPERS's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued IPERS financial report which is available on IPERS' website at <u>www.ipers.org</u>

<u>Payables to the Pension Plan:</u> At June 30, 2016, the District reported payables to IPERS of \$0 for legally required District contributions and \$0 for legally required District contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to IPERS.

Note 8. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

<u>Plan Description</u> – The District operates a single-employer health benefit plan which provides medical and prescription drug benefits for employees, retirees and their spouses. There are 452 active and 35 retired members in the plan. Participants must be age 55 or older at retirement.

The medical/prescription drug coverage is provided through a fully insured plan with Alliance Select. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium for the medical/prescription drug benefits as active employees, which results in an implicit rate subsidy and an OPEB liability.

<u>Funding Policy</u> – The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the District. The District currently finances the retiree benefit plan on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation – The District's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the District, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years.

The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year ended June 30, 2016, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$	268,359
Interest on net OPEB obligation		48,926
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(43,388)
Annual OPEB cost		273,897
Contributions made		204,573
Increase in net OPEB obligation		69,324
Net OPEB obligation beginning of year		1,087,253
Net OPEB obligation end of year	_\$	1,156,577

For calculation of the net OPEB obligation, the actuary has set the transition day as July 1, 2008. The end of year net OPEB obligation was calculated by the actuary as the cumulative difference between the actuarially determined funding requirements and the actual contributions for the year ended June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District contributed \$204,573 to the medical plan.

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation are summarized as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Annual OPEB Cost		Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation	
2014	\$	838,787	89.7%	\$	1,036,000
2015		263,906	80.6%		1,087,253
2016		273,897	74.7%		1,156,577

<u>Funded Status and Funding Progress</u> – As of July 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date for the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2015, the actuarial accrued liability was approximately \$2,810,000, with no actuarial value of assets, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of approximately \$2,810,000. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was approximately \$21,410,000, and the ratio of the UAAL to covered payroll was 13.12%. As of June 30, 2016, there were no trust fund assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the health care cost trend. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan, presented as Required Supplementary Information in the section following the Notes to Financial Statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

As of the July 1, 2014 actuarial valuation date, the projected unit credit cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 4.5% discount rate based on the District's funding policy. The projected annual medical trend rate is 8.0%. The ultimate medical trend rate is 5.0%. The medical trend rate is reduced 0.5% to .25% each year until reaching the 5.0% ultimate trend rate. An inflation rate of 0.0% is assumed for the purpose of this computation.

Mortality rates are from the RP-2014 Combined Healthy Generational Mortality Table with Projection Scale MP-2014, applied on a gender-specific basis. Annual retirement and termination probabilities were developed from the retirement probabilities from the IPERS Actuarial Report as of June 30, 2011, and applying the termination factors used in the IPERS Actuarial Report as of June 30, 2011.

Projected claim costs of the medical plan are \$726 per month for retirees less than age 65. The salary increase rate was assumed to be 3.5% per year. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll expense on an open basis over 30 years.

Note 9. Risk Management

Self-Funded Health Plan – Effective July 1, 2014, the District began a self-insurance program for hospitalization and medical coverage for its employees. The District limits its losses through the use of stop-loss policies from insurers. Specific individual losses for claims are limited to \$125,000 per year. The District's aggregate annual loss limitation is based on a formula that considers, among other things, the total number of employees and was limited to \$6,041,569 in claims as of June 30, 2016. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District paid \$5,685,090 under the program, which includes health claims, premiums and administrative costs.

The District is required to have an annual actuarial study of the Self-Funded Health Insurance Plan as outlined in section 509A(15)(1)(d) of the Code of Iowa and the district has no recorded liability for incurred by unreported claims.

The Internal Service Fund, Self-Funded Health Plan reserve was \$2,393,920 at June 30, 2016.

Self-Funded Dental Plan – The District began a self-funded insurance plan during the year ended June 30, 2000. The plan is funded by contributions from the District and is administered through a service agreement with Delta Dental Plan of Iowa. The agreement is not subject to automatic renewal provisions. The District assumes liability for claims up to the current coverage limitation of \$1,000.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Risk Management (Continued)

Monthly payments of service fees and plan contributions to the Fort Dodge Community School District Employee Group Dental Plan are recorded as expenditures from the General and School Nutrition funds. Under the administrative services agreement, weekly payments of service fees and claims processed are paid to Delta Dental Plan of Iowa from the Fort Dodge Community School District Employee Group Dental Plan Fund as an Internal Service Fund. The District's contributions to the fund for the year ended June 30, 2016 were \$250,793 and the total paid for claims was \$224,050.

The District is not required to have an annual actuarial study of the Self-Funded Dental Insurance Plan as outlined in §509A(15)(1)(d) of the Code of Iowa and the District has not recorded liability for incurred but unreported claims.

The Internal Service Fund, Self-Funded Dental Plan reserve was \$186,303 at June 30, 2016.

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft; damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. The District assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 10. Area Education Agency

The District is required by the Code of Iowa to budget for its share of special education support, media and educational services provided through the Area Education Agency. The District's actual amount for this purpose totaled \$1,748,769 for the year ended June 30, 2016 and is recorded in the General Fund by making a memorandum adjusting entry to the cash basis financial statements.

Note 11. Lease Commitments

The District leases office equipment requiring monthly payments of \$5,585 and quarterly payments of \$1,292 under noncancellable operating lease agreements. The leases expire in January 2020. Total future minimum lease payments by year as of June 30, 2016 follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Amount		
2017	\$	72,193		
2018		72,193		
2019		72,193		
2020		41,682		
2021		-		
	_\$	258,261		

Total lease expense for the year ended June 30, 2016 was \$85,306.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 12. Categorical Funding

The District's fund balance restricted for categorical funding at June 30, 2016 is comprised of the following programs:

Program	Amount
Iowa early intervention block grant	\$ 64,855
Four-year-old preschool program	765,656
Teacher leadership grant	234,387
Gifted and talented program	136,349
Professional development	81,245
Successful progression for early readers	23,458
Professional development for model core curriculum	75,315
	\$ 1,381,265

Note 13. Construction Commitments

The District has entered into contracts totaling \$16,914,189 for the constructions of a new elementary school, school security systems and renovations to the high school. As of June 30, 2016, costs of \$2,021,638 had been incurred against the contracts. The balance of \$14,892,551 remaining at June 30, 2016 will be paid as work on the project progresses.

Note 14. New Accounting Pronouncement

The District adopted fair value guidance as set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72, <u>Fair Value Measurement and Application</u>. The Statement set forth guidance for determining and disclosing the fair value of assets and liabilities reported in the financial statements. Adoption of the guidance did not have a significant impact on amounts reported or disclosed in the financial statements.



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Required Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30, 2016

Go	overnmental Fund Actual]	Proprietary Fund Actual		Total Actual
\$	17,172,475	\$	726,249	\$	17,898,724
	15,897		-		15,897
	30,567,046		17,091		30,584,137
	4,221,365		1,509,983		5,731,348
	51,976,783		2,253,323		54,230,106
	27,858,183		_		27,858,183
	15,457,047		86,081		15,543,128
	4,690		2,043,707		2,048,397
	7,077,570		-		7,077,570
	50,397,490		2,129,788		52,527,278
	1,579,293		123,535		1,702,828
	28,764,606		-		28,764,606
	30,343,899		123,535		30,467,434
	20,255,336		713,141		20,968,477
\$	50,599,235	\$	836,676	\$	51,435,911
	\$	\$ 17,172,475 15,897 30,567,046 4,221,365 51,976,783 27,858,183 15,457,047 4,690 7,077,570 50,397,490 1,579,293 28,764,606	Fund Actual \$ 17,172,475 \$ 15,897 30,567,046 4,221,365 51,976,783 27,858,183 15,457,047 4,690 7,077,570 50,397,490 1,579,293 28,764,606 30,343,899 20,255,336	Fund Actual Fund Actual \$ 17,172,475 \$ 726,249 15,897 - 30,567,046 17,091 4,221,365 1,509,983 51,976,783 2,253,323 27,858,183 - 15,457,047 86,081 4,690 2,043,707 7,077,570 - 50,397,490 2,129,788 1,579,293 123,535 28,764,606 - 30,343,899 123,535 20,255,336 713,141	Fund Actual Fund Actual \$ 17,172,475 \$ 726,249 \$ 15,897 30,567,046 17,091 4,221,365 1,509,983 51,976,783 2,253,323 27,858,183 - 15,457,047 86,081 4,690 2,043,707 7,077,570 - 50,397,490 2,129,788 1,579,293 123,535 28,764,606 - 30,343,899 123,535 20,255,336 713,141

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

Bu	dget		Final to Actual					
Original		Final	•	Variance				
\$ 17,380,790	\$	17,380,790	\$	517,934				
2,000		2,000		13,897				
31,860,228		31,860,228		(1,276,091)				
5,063,200		5,063,200		668,148				
54,306,218		54,306,218		(76,112)				
29,594,434		29,594,434		1,736,251				
15,639,564		15,925,963		382,835				
1,958,320		2,316,000		267,603				
6,788,050		6,788,050		(289,520)				
53,980,368		54,624,447		2,097,169				
325,850		(318,229)		2,021,057				
261,348		261,348		28,503,258				
587,198		(56,881)		30,524,315				
18,589,632		18,589,632		2,378,845				
\$ 19,176,830	\$	18,532,751	\$	32,903,160				

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – BUDGETARY REPORTING Year ended June 30, 2016

This budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds except Private Purpose Trust and Agency Funds. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The District's budget is prepared on a GAAP basis.

Formal and legal budgetary control for the certified budget is based upon four major classes of expenditures known as functions, not by fund. These four functions are instruction, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenditures. Although the budget document presents function expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not by fund. The Code of Iowa also provides District expenditures in the General Fund may not exceed the amount authorized by the school finance formula. During the year, the District adopted one budget amendment increasing budgeted expenditures by \$644,079.

During the year ended June 30, 2016, expenditures in the other expenditures function exceeded the amounts budgeted.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System For the Last Two Fiscal Years* (In Thousands)

Required Supplementary Information

		2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.3	3386837%	0.3392530%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	16,733	\$ 13,454
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	23,325	\$ 22,239
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		71.74%	60.50%
IPERS' net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		85.19%	87.61%

^{*} In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, the amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the preceding year.

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

${\bf Required}\,{\bf Supplementary}\,{\bf Information}$

	2016	2015	2014	2013
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 2,185	\$ 2,081	\$ 1,986	\$ 1,943
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	(2,185)	(2,081)	(1,986)	 (1,943)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ _	\$	\$
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 24,467	\$ 23,325	\$ 22,239	\$ 22,410
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	8.93%	8.93%	8.93%	8.67%

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
\$ 1,858	\$ 1,592	\$ 1,559	\$ 1,524	\$ 1,393	\$ 1,234
(1,858)	 (1,592)	(1,559)	(1,524)	(1,393)	(1,234)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ •
\$ 23,023	\$ 22,906	\$ 23,443	\$ 24,000	\$ 23,024	\$ 21,460
8.07%	6.95%	6.65%	6.35%	6.05%	5.75%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION LIABILITY Year Ended June 30, 2016

Changes of benefit terms:

Legislation enacted in 2010 modified benefit terms for Regular members. The definition of final average salary changed from the highest three to the highest five years of covered wages. The vesting requirement changed from four years of service to seven years. The early retirement reduction increased from 3% per year measured from the member's first unreduced retirement age to a 6% reduction for each year of retirement before age 65.

Legislative action in 2008 transferred four groups – emergency medical service providers, county jailers, county attorney investigators, and National Guard installation security officers – from Regular membership to the protection occupation group for future service only.

Changes of assumptions:

The 2014 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 4.00% to 3.75% per year.
- Adjusted male mortality rates for retirees in the Regular membership group.
- Moved from an open 30- year amortization period to a closed 30-year amortization period for UAL beginning June 30, 2014. Each year thereafter, changes in the UAL from plan experience will be amortized on a separate closed 20-year period.

The 2010 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Adjusted retiree mortality assumptions.
- Modified retirement rates to reflect fewer retirements.
- Lowered disability rates at most ages.
- Lowered employment termination rates.
- Generally increased the probability of terminating members receiving a deferred retirement benefit.
- Modified salary increase assumptions based on various service duration.

The 2007 valuation adjusted the application of the entry age normal cost method to better match projected contributions to the projected salary stream in the future years. It also included the one-year lag between the valuation date and the effective date of the annual contribution rate in the calculation of the UAL amortization payments.

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE RETIREE HEALTH PLAN (In Thousands)

Required Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30,	Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	A L	ctuarial ccrued iability AAL) (b)	_	nfunded AAL UAAL) (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b - a)/c)
2010	July 1, 2008	-	\$	2,090	\$	2,090	0.0%	\$ 23,639	8.8%
2011	July 1, 2010	-		5,470		5,470	0.0%	22,987	23.8%
2012	July 1, 2010	-		5,470		5,470	0.0%	23,262	23.5%
2013	July 1, 2012	-		9,233		9,233	0.0%	22,916	40.3%
2014	July 1, 2012	-		9,233		9,233	0.0%	19,356	47.7%
2015	July 1, 2012	-		2,810		2,810	0.0%	22,034	12.8%
2016	July 1, 2015	_		2,810		2,810	0.0%	21,410	13.1%

See Note 8 in the accompanying Notes to Financial Statements for the plan description, funding policy, annual OPEB Cost, net OPEB Obligation, funded status and funding progress.

See accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND

Special Revenue Funds:

These funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Student Activity Fund:

This fund accounts for funds raised by student groups. Under State Law, the Board retains responsibility for the Student Activity Fund's ultimate disposition.

Management Levy Fund:

This fund accounts for property taxes collected to pay property and casualty insurance premiums, unemployment insurance claims, fidelity bonds, workers' compensation insurance premiums and early retirement incentives.

Debt Service Fund:

This fund is utilized to account for property tax and other revenues to be used for the payment of interest and principal on the District's general long-term debt.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2016

					-		
		Special	Reve	nue			
		Student		/lanagement	-	. 1. 6	m
		Activity		Levy	1	ebt Service	 Total
Assets							
Cash and pooled investments	\$	436,195	\$	2,889,690	\$	4,389,789	\$ 7,715,674
Receivables:							
Property tax:							
Current year		-		7,853		-	7,853
Succeeding year		-		900,000		2,135,167	3,035,167
Due from other funds		12,876		-		-	12,876
Due from other governments		2,000		-		-	 2,000
Total assets	\$	451,071	\$	3,797,543	\$	6,524,956	\$ 10,773,570
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of							
Resources and Fund Balances Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	17,470	\$	-	\$	_	\$ 17,470
Due to other funds		2,453		-		250	2,703
Total liabilities		19,923		-		250	20,173
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
Unavailable revenues:							
Succeeding year property tax		_		900,000		2,135,167	3,035,167
Total deferred inflows of				·			
resources		-		900,000		2,135,167	3,035,167
Fund balances:							
Restricted for:							
Student activities		431,148		_		-	431,148
Management levy		-		2,897,543		_	2,897,543
Revenue bonds reserve fund		_		-		3,049,500	3,049,500
Debt service		-		-		1,340,039	1,340,039
Total fund balances		431,148		2,897,543		4,389,539	7,718,230
Total liabilities and fund balance	s \$	451,071	\$	3,797,543	\$	6,524,956	\$ 10,773,570

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2016

Revenues: Revenues: Student Activity Meanuest Revenues: Secondamental Secondame			Special	Reve	nue			
Revenues: Local sources: Local sources: Local tax \$ - \$ 1,101,487 \$ - \$ 1,101,487 \$ 0,000 \$ 0,1232 \$ 45,266 \$ 39,246 \$ 998,744 \$ 0,000 \$ 0,1211 \$ - \$ 1,221 \$ - \$ 1,221						-		
Local sources:			Activity		Levy	D	ebt Service	Total
Local tax	Revenues:							· .
Other Intermediate sources 914,232 45,266 39,246 998,744 (1211) State sources - 40,935 - 40,935 Total revenues 914,232 1,188,899 39,246 2,142,377 Expenditures: Current: State sources State sources State sources State sources State sources 1,060,484 Instruction 860,675 199,809 - 1,060,484 Support services: Instructional staff - 25,317 - 25,317 Administration - 40,706 - 25,317 Administration - 40,706 - 40,706 Operation and maintenance of plant - 176,922 - 176,922 Transportation - 37,498 - 97,498 Other expenditures: Long-term debt: - 1,344,000 1,340,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - 2,654,200 2,654,200 Total expenditures 860,675 540,252 2,654,200 <td>Local sources:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Local sources:							
Intermediate sources	Localtax	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$ 1,101,487
State sources			914,232				39,246	
Total revenues 914,232 1,188,899 39,246 2,142,377			-				-	
Expenditures: Current: Instruction							-	
Current: 860,675 199,809 - 1,060,484 Support services: Instructional staff - 25,317 - 25,317 Administration - 40,706 - 40,706 Operation and maintenance of plant - 176,922 - 176,922 Transportation - 97,498 - 97,498 - 340,443 - 340,443 Other expenditures: Long-term debt: - - 1,340,000 1,340,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - 1,314,200 1,314,200 Interest and fiscal charges - - - 2,654,200 2,654,200 Total expenditures 860,675 540,252 2,654,200 4,055,127 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 53,557 648,647 (2,614,954) (1,912,750) Other financing sources: - - 2,612,045 2,612,045 Total other financing sources - - 2,612,045 <	Total revenues		914,232		1,188,899		39,246	 2,142,377
Instruction	Expenditures:							
Support services: Instructional staff	Current:							
Support services:	Instruction				•		-	1,060,484
Instructional staff			860,675		199,809			1,060,484
Instructional staff	Support services:							
Administration - 40,706 - 40,706 Operation and maintenance of plant - 176,922 - 176,922 Transportation - 97,498 - 97,498 Transportation - 340,443 - 340,443 Other expenditures: Long-term debt: Principal - 1,340,000 1,340,000 Interest and fiscal charges - 1,314,200 1,314,200 Interest and fiscal charges - 1,314,200 2,654,200 Total expenditures 860,675 540,252 2,654,200 4,055,127 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 53,557 648,647 (2,614,954) (1,912,750) Other financing sources: Interfund transfers in - 2,612,045 2,612,045 Total other financing sources Change in fund balances 53,557 648,647 (2,909) 699,295 Fund balances, beginning of year 377,591 2,248,896 4,392,448 7,018,935			_		25,317		_	25.317
Operation and maintenance of plant Transportation - 176,922 - 97,498 - 176,922 - 97,498 Transportation - 97,498 - 97,498 - 340,443 - 340,443 Other expenditures: Long-term debt: Principal - - 1,340,000 1,340,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - 1,314,200 1,314,200 - - - 2,654,200 2,654,200 2,654,200 Total expenditures 860,675 540,252 2,654,200 4,055,127 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 53,557 648,647 (2,614,954) (1,912,750) Other financing sources: Interfund transfers in - - 2,612,045 2,612,045 Total other financing sources: Change in fund balances 53,557 648,647 (2,909) 699,295 Fund balances, beginning of year 377,591 2,248,896 4,392,448 7,018,935			-				_	,
Transportation - 97,498 - 97,498 - 340,443 - 340,443 Other expenditures: Long-term debt: Principal - - 1,340,000 1,340,000 1,314,200 1,314,200 1,314,200 1,314,200 1,314,200 2,654,200 2,654,200 2,654,200 2,654,200 2,654,200 4,055,127 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 53,557 648,647 (2,614,954) (1,912,750) Other financing sources: Interfund transfers in	Operation and maintenance of plant		-				-	·
Other expenditures: Long-term debt: - - 1,340,000 1,340,000 1,340,000 1,314,200 1,314,200 1,314,200 1,314,200 2,654,200 2,654,200 2,654,200 2,654,200 2,654,200 4,055,127 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 53,557 648,647 (2,614,954) (1,912,750) Other financing sources: Interfund transfers in - - 2,612,045 2,612,045 Total other financing sources - - 2,612,045 2,612,045 Change in fund balances 53,557 648,647 (2,909) 699,295 Fund balances, beginning of year 377,591 2,248,896 4,392,448 7,018,935			-				-	•
Long-term debt: Principal - - 1,340,000 1,340,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - 1,314,200 1,314,200 - - - 2,654,200 2,654,200 Total expenditures 860,675 540,252 2,654,200 4,055,127 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 53,557 648,647 (2,614,954) (1,912,750) Other financing sources: Interfund transfers in - - 2,612,045 2,612,045 Total other financing sources - - 2,612,045 2,612,045 Change in fund balances 53,557 648,647 (2,909) 699,295 Fund balances, beginning of year 377,591 2,248,896 4,392,448 7,018,935			-		340,443		-	340,443
Long-term debt: Principal - - 1,340,000 1,340,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - 1,314,200 1,314,200 - - - 2,654,200 2,654,200 Total expenditures 860,675 540,252 2,654,200 4,055,127 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 53,557 648,647 (2,614,954) (1,912,750) Other financing sources: Interfund transfers in - - 2,612,045 2,612,045 Total other financing sources - - 2,612,045 2,612,045 Change in fund balances 53,557 648,647 (2,909) 699,295 Fund balances, beginning of year 377,591 2,248,896 4,392,448 7,018,935	Other expenditures:							
Principal Interest and fiscal charges - - 1,340,000 1,340,000 1,340,000 1,314,200								
Total expenditures 860,675 540,252 2,654,200 4,055,127			-		-		1,340,000	1,340,000
Total expenditures 860,675 540,252 2,654,200 4,055,127 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 53,557 648,647 (2,614,954) (1,912,750) Other financing sources: Interfund transfers in Total other financing sources - - 2,612,045 2,612,045 Total other financing sources - - 2,612,045 2,612,045 Change in fund balances 53,557 648,647 (2,909) 699,295 Fund balances, beginning of year 377,591 2,248,896 4,392,448 7,018,935	Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		1,314,200	1,314,200
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 53,557 648,647 (2,614,954) (1,912,750) Other financing sources: Interfund transfers in 2,612,045 Total other financing sources 2,612,045 2,612,045 Change in fund balances 53,557 648,647 (2,909) 699,295 Fund balances, beginning of year 377,591 2,248,896 4,392,448 7,018,935			-		-		2,654,200	2,654,200
over (under) expenditures 53,557 648,647 (2,614,954) (1,912,750) Other financing sources: Interfund transfers in - - 2,612,045 2,612,045 Total other financing sources - - 2,612,045 2,612,045 Change in fund balances 53,557 648,647 (2,909) 699,295 Fund balances, beginning of year 377,591 2,248,896 4,392,448 7,018,935	Total expenditures		860,675		540,252		2,654,200	4,055,127
over (under) expenditures 53,557 648,647 (2,614,954) (1,912,750) Other financing sources: Interfund transfers in - - 2,612,045 2,612,045 Total other financing sources - - 2,612,045 2,612,045 Change in fund balances 53,557 648,647 (2,909) 699,295 Fund balances, beginning of year 377,591 2,248,896 4,392,448 7,018,935	Evenes (deficiency) of revenues							
Interfund transfers in - - 2,612,045 2,612,045 Total other financing sources - - - 2,612,045 2,612,045 Change in fund balances 53,557 648,647 (2,909) 699,295 Fund balances, beginning of year 377,591 2,248,896 4,392,448 7,018,935	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		53,557		648,647		(2,614,954)	(1,912,750)
Total other financing sources - - 2,612,045 2,612,045 Change in fund balances 53,557 648,647 (2,909) 699,295 Fund balances, beginning of year 377,591 2,248,896 4,392,448 7,018,935	Other financing sources:							
Change in fund balances 53,557 648,647 (2,909) 699,295 Fund balances, beginning of year 377,591 2,248,896 4,392,448 7,018,935	Interfund transfers in		-		_			
Fund balances, beginning of year 377,591 2,248,896 4,392,448 7,018,935	Total other financing sources		-		_		2,612,045	 2,612,045
	Change in fund balances		53,557		648,647		(2,909)	699,295
Fund balances, end of year \$ 431,148 \$ 2,897,543 \$ 4,389,539 \$ 7,718,230	Fund balances, beginning of year		377,591		2,248,896		4,392,448	7,018,935
	Fund balances, end of year	_\$_	431,148	\$	2,897,543	\$	4,389,539	\$ 7,718,230

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND ACCOUNTS June 30, 2016

			 Capital	Proj	ects	
			Physical			
		Statewide	Plant and	1.0	Other	
	Sal	es, Services	Equipment	C	onstruction	
Assets	aı	nd Use Tax	Levy		Projects	Total
Cash and pooled investments	\$	2,366,951	\$ 2,406,690	\$	26,926,263	\$ 31,699,904
Receivables:						
Property tax:						
Current year		-	9,192		-	9,192
Succeeding year		-	1,413,167		-	1,413,167
Due from other funds		-	456,053		-	456,053
Due from other governments		590,390	_		-	590,390
Income surtax		-	227,326		-	227,326
Total assets	\$	2,957,341	\$ 4,512,428	\$	26,926,263	\$ 34,396,032
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ 173,221	\$	178,347	\$ 351,568
Total liabilities		-	173,221		178,347	351,568
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable resources:						
Succeeding year property tax		_	1,413,167		_	1,413,167
Succeeding year income surtax		_	227,326		_	227,326
Total deferred inflows			227,520			227,520
of resources		-	1,640,493		_	1,640,493
Fund Balances:						
Restricted for:						
School infrastructure		2,957,341	_		-	2,957,341
Physical plant and equipment			2,698,714		-	2,698,714
Capital projects		-	-		26,747,916	26,747,916
Total fund balances		2,957,341	2,698,714		26,747,916	32,403,971
Total liabilities, deferred						
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources						

See accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND ACCOUNTS Year Ended June 30, 2016

Capital Projects Physical Statewide Plant and Other Sales, Services Equipment Construction and Use Tax Levy **Projects Total** Revenues: Local sources: Local tax \$ \$ 1,578,585 \$ \$ 1,578,585 Other 6,052 5,789 5,758 17,599 Intermediate sources 1,412 1,412 48,807 State sources 3,594,582 3,643,389 **Total revenues** 3,600,634 1,634,593 5,758 5,240,985 Expenditures: Support services: Instructional staff 40,500 40,500 Administration 12 45,466 45,478 Other expenditures: Facilities acquisition 14,579 683,850 1,454,156 2,152,585 Long-term debt: Interest and fiscal charges 522,016 522,016 Total expenditures 14,591 724,350 2,021,638 2,760,579 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 3,586,043 910,243 (2,015,880)2,480,406 Other financing sources (uses): Interfund transfers out (2,612,045)(2,612,045)General obligation bonds issued 28,460,000 28,460,000 Premium on general obligation bonds issued 303,796 303,796 Total other financing sources (uses) (2,612,045)28,763,796 26,151,751 Change in fund balances 973,998 910,243 26,747,916 28,632,157 Fund balances, beginning of year 1,983,343 1,788,471 3,771,814 Fund balances, end of year

See accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.

2,957,341

\$

2,698,714

26,747,916

32,403,971

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS June 30, 2016

	_	elf-funded lealth Plan	Self-funded Dental Plan]	Flex Benefit Plan	Total
Assets						
Cash and pooled investments	\$	2,387,694	\$ 204,652	\$	37,222	\$ 2,629,568
Receivables:						
Intrafund *		-	504		_	504
Other		6,737	-			 6,737
Total assets	\$	2,394,431	\$ 205,156	\$	37,222	\$ 2,636,809
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$ 18,853	\$	_	\$ 18,853
Due to other funds		7	-		-	7
Intrafund payable *		504	-		-	504
		511	18,853		-	19,364
Net Position						
Unrestricted		2,393,920	186,303		37,222	2,617,445
Total liabilities and net position	\$	2,394,431	\$ 205,156	\$	37,222	\$ 2,636,809

^{*} These amounts have been removed from the face of the basic financial statements.

See accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.

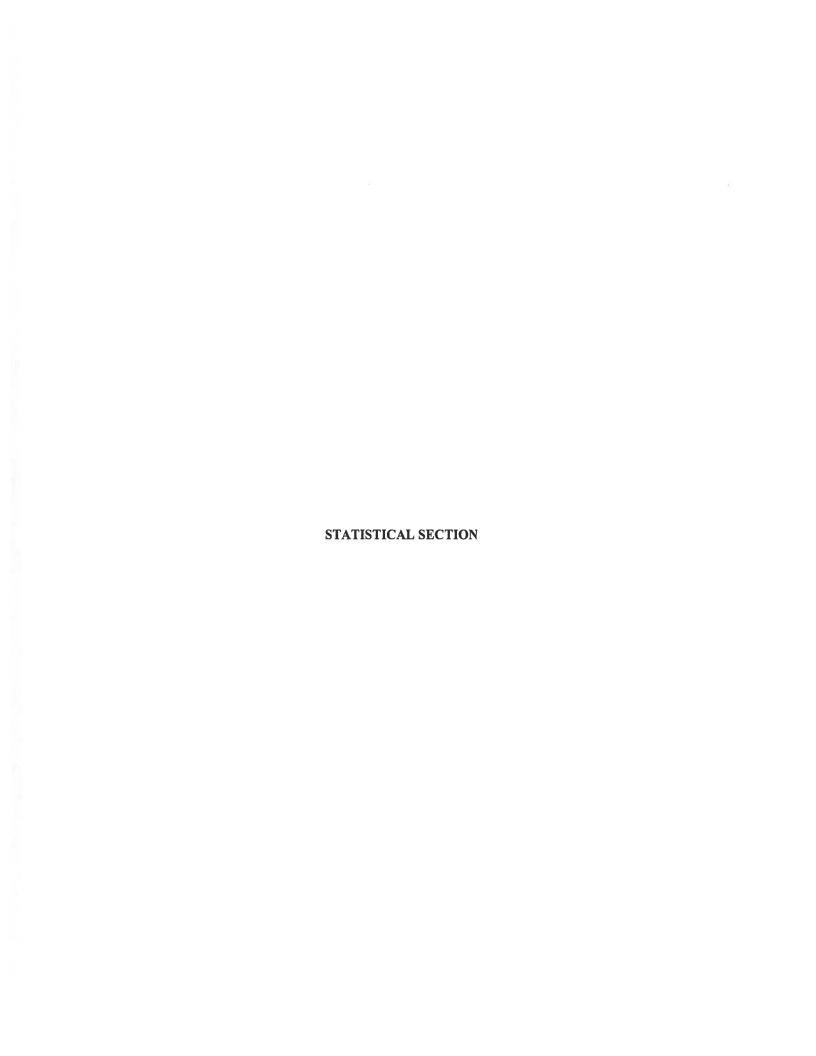
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2016

	_	elf-funded lealth Plan	Self-funded Dental Plan	Flex Benefit Plan	Total
Operating Revenues:					
Local sources:					
Insurance contributions	\$	6,214,124	\$ 250,793	\$ -	\$ 6,464,917
Flex contributions		-	_	68,749	68,749
Total operating revenues		6,214,124	250,793	68,749	6,533,666
Operating Expenses: Support services:					
Premium and					
administration costs		5,685,090	259,759	550	5,945,399
Flex benefits		-	_	40,929	40,929
Total operating expenses		5,685,090	259,759	41,479	5,986,328
Operating income (loss)		529,034	(8,966)	27,270	547,338
Non-operating Revenues:					
Interest		6,229	573	 87	6,889
Change in net position		535,263	(8,393)	27,357	554,227
Net position, beginning of year		1,858,657	194,696	 9,865	2,063,218
Net position, end of year	<u>\$</u>	2,393,920	\$ 186,303	\$ 37,222	\$ 2,617,445

See accompanying Independent Auditor's Report.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2016

	-	elf-funded lealth Plan	 elf-funded ental Plan	F	lex Benefit Plan	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from contributions	\$	6,208,443	\$ 250,793	\$	68,749	\$ 6,527,985
Cash payments for claims Cash payments for services		(5,685,083)	(245,233)		(40,929) (550)	(40,929) (5,930,866)
Net cash provided by						
operating activities		523,360	5,560		27,270	556,190
Cash Flows from Non-capital Financing Activities:						
Interest on investments		6,229	573		87	6,889
Receipt of intrafund receivable		504	171		-	675
Advance of intrafund payable		(171)	 (504)		-	(675)
Net cash provided by financing activities		6,562	240		87	6,889
Net increase in cash		529,922	5,800		27,357	563,079
Cash, beginning of year		1,857,772	198,852		9,865	2,066,489
Cash, end of year	\$	2,387,694	\$ 204,652	\$	37,222	\$ 2,629,568
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$	529,034	\$ (8,966)	\$	27,270	\$ 547,338
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:						
(Increase) in receivables		(5,681)	_		-	(5,681)
Increase in due to other funds Increase in accounts payable		7	- 14,526		-	7 14,526
Net cash provided by						
operating activities	\$	523,360	\$ 5,560	\$	27,270	\$ 556,190



STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

The statistical section of the District's comprehensive annual financial reports presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information presented in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information say about the District's overall financial health.

Contents	Statistic	Page
Financial Trends		
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well being have changed over time.	1 – 7	73 – 79
Revenue Capacity		
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax.	8 – 11	80 – 83
Debt Capacity		
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current level of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	12 – 14	84 – 86
Demographic and Economic Information		
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place, and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	15 – 17	87 – 89
Operating Information		
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.	18 – 19	90 – 91

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years* (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

		2007	2008		2009	2010
Governmental activities:						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	14,325,609	\$ 16,997,726	\$	17,836,493	\$ 19,370,712
Restricted		4,062,467	3,272,163		5,646,826	6,876,853
Unrestricted		1,755,572	1,531,036		1,633,944	(206,130)
Total governmental activities						
net position		20,143,648	\$ 21,800,925	\$	25,117,263	\$ 26,041,435
Business-type activities:						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	132,331	\$ 160,339	\$	162,426	\$ 156,766
Unassigned		209,805	221,340		307,403	384,741
Total business-type activities						
net position	_\$	342,136	\$ 381,679	\$	469,829	\$ 541,507
Primary government:						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	14,457,940	\$ 17,158,065	\$	17,998,919	\$ 19,527,478
Restricted		4,062,467	3,272,163		5,646,826	6,876,853
Unrestricted		1,965,377	1,752,376		1,941,347	178,611
Total primary government					·	
net position	\$	20,485,784	\$ 22,182,604	S	25,587,092	\$ 26,582,942

	Fiscal	Yea	ır					
	2011		2012		2013	2014	 2015	2016
\$	23,191,190 5,908,765 1,267,988	\$	26,278,268 4,508,274 2,720,360	\$	23,146,756 9,115,843 3,328,491	\$ 24,953,137 5,569,569 5,962,405	\$ 23,260,054 11,590,540 (10,190,211)	\$ 24,359,841 14,528,224 (8,374,707)
\$	30,367,943	\$	33,506,902	\$	35,591,090	\$ 36,485,111	\$ 24,660,383	\$ 30,513,358
\$	185,454 405,929	\$	208,006 384,223	\$	178,000 437,069	\$ 188,490 480,161	\$ 169,247 543,894	\$ 185,653 651,023
\$	591,383	\$	592,229	\$	615,069	\$ 668,651	\$ 713,141	\$ 836,676
\$	23,376,644 5,908,765 1,673,917	\$	26,486,274 4,508,274 3,104,583	\$	23,324,756 9,115,843 3,765,560	\$ 25,141,627 5,569,569 6,442,566	\$ 23,429,301 11,590,540 (9,646,317)	\$ 24,545,494 14,528,224 (7,723,684)
\$	30,959,326	\$	34,099,131	\$	36,206,159	\$ 37,153,762	\$ 25,373,524	\$ 31,350,034

Expenses, Program Revenues and Net (Expense) Revenue Last Ten Fiscal Years* (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

Por constant		2007		2008		2009		2010
Expenses:								
Governmental activities:	\$	24 695 059	æ	26 270 762	æ	27.220.550	•	20,000,052
Instruction	2	24,685,058	\$	26,278,762	\$	27,328,550	\$	28,090,953
Support services:		1 504 505		1 011 505		1.045.001		1.050.053
Student services		1,724,735		1,811,705		1,945,881		1,950,853
Instructional services		1,789,751		1,622,792		2,577,602		2,462,322
Administration services		3,752,723		3,786,616		3,944,250		3,990,588
Operation and maintenance of plant		2,914,438		3,211,966		3,074,296		3,041,546
Pupil transportation services		1,106,421		1,190,841		1,004,210		1,037,477
Central support services		-		-		-		-
Noninstructional programs		25,755		13,391		25,049		35,181
Facilities acquisition		283,730		298,271		529,517		135,135
Long-term debt interest and fiscal charges		155,937		80,004		-		-
AEA flowthrough		1,430,875		1,496,741		1,559,569		1,744,044
Depreciation (unallocated)		655,711		666,078		729,757		783,507
Total governmental activities expenses		38,525,134		40,457,167		42,718,681		43,271,606
Business-type activities, nutrition		1,616,751		1,728,573		1,753,249		1,764,208
Total primary government expenses	\$	40,141,885	\$	42,185,740	\$	44,471,930	\$	45,035,814
Program revenues:								
Governmental activities:								
Charges for services:								
Instruction	\$	2,257,878	\$	2,280,011	\$	2,215,244	\$	2,121,778
Support services	Ψ	41,138		43,339	Ψ	44,421	Ψ	63,192
Operating grants and contributions		5,202,843		6,023,054		7,793,068		8,328,936
Capital grants and contributions		100,000		360,462		288,367		130,000
Total governmental activities program revenues		7,601,859		8,706,866		10,341,100		10,643,906
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,						
Business-type activities:								
Charges for services,								
nutrition		816,050		765,983		731,955		700,488
Operating grants and contributions		931,998		996,472		1,107,176		1,129,067
Capital grants and contributions		-		-		-		3,840
Total business-type program revenues		1,748,048		1,762,455		1,839,131		1,833,395
Total primary government program revenues	_\$_	9,349,907	\$	10,469,321	\$	12,180,231	\$	12,477,301
Net (expense) revenue:								
Governmental activities	\$	(30,923,275)	\$	(31,750,301)	\$	(32,377,581)	\$	(32,627,700)
Business-type activities	¥	131,297	Ψ	33,882	J	85,882	Ψ	69,187
,, p		,//		20,002		05,002		02,107
Total primary government net expense	\$	(30,791,978)	\$	(31,716,419)	\$	(32,291,699)	\$	(32,558,513)

	Fiscal	Yea	r								
	2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016
\$	27,397,925	\$	27,068,019	\$	26,524,935	\$	25,719,255	\$	26,221,950	\$	27,043,073
	1,932,274		1,948,544		1,883,569		2,024,988		1,669,616		2,459,382
	2,643,447		2,702,515		2,577,114		2,143,504		1,841,517		2,782,257
	3,777,380		4,028,872		3,906,223		4,243,014		3,916,208		4,240,101
	3,003,684		3,125,868		3,227,015		6,268,156		5,070,926		4,929,476
	1,091,496		1,215,745		1,211,024		1,300,391		1,528,446		1,303,771
	· · ·		· · -		· · ·		-		-		
	9,027		8,273		9,213		4,970		3,841		4,690
	189,302		153,475		-		-		-		-
	-		1,046,538		1,315,095		1,294,145		1,242,995		1,376,656
	1,748,108		1,573,604		1,589,663		1,647,708		1,685,930		1,748,769
	802,616		906,801		907,094		1,568,122		_		· · ·
	42,595,259		43,778,254		43,150,945		46,214,253		43,181,429		45,888,175
					·						
	1,848,393		1,982,211		1,961,295		2,039,678		2,147,809		2,129,788
\$	44,443,652	\$	45,760,465	\$	45,112,240	\$	48,253,931	\$	45,329,238	\$	48,017,963
2											
\$	2,489,544	\$	2,573,678	\$	2,176,525	\$	1,995,068	\$	1,973,885	\$	2,108,560
	72,573		90,820		121,728		113,874		_		-
	8,650,852		7,818,208		8,210,896		8,461,423		8,358,630		10,174,856
	106,128		44,760		11,495		37,319		-		-
	11,319,097		10,527,466		10,520,644		10,607,684		10,332,515		12,283,416
	701,178		680,663		662,130		660,999		697,803		724,307
	1,193,028		1,300,040		1,320,198		1,430,408		1,517,817		1,527,074
	1,193,026		1,500,040		1,520,196		1,430,408		1,517,617		1,327,074
-	1,894,206		1,980,703		1,982,328		2,091,407		2,215,620		2,251,381
\$	13,213,303	\$	12,508,169	\$	12,502,972	\$	12,699,091	\$	12,548,135	\$	14,534,797
\$	(31,276,162)	\$	(33,250,788)	\$	(32,630,301)	\$	(35,606,569)	\$	(32,848,914)	\$	(33,604,759)
Ψ	45,813	Ψ	(1,508)	Ψ	21,033	φ	51,729	Ψ	67,811	Φ	121,593
	,		(1,500)		21,000		21,127		57,511		
\$	(31,230,349)	\$	(33,252,296)	\$	(32,609,268)	\$	(35,554,840)	\$	(32,781,103)	\$	(33,483,166)
_	(31,=00,010)		(32,222,270)		(32,007,200)		(30,00 ,,010)		(32,701,100)		(=5,105,100)

General Revenues and Total Change in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years* (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

		2007	2008	2009	2010
Net (expense) revenue:					•
Governmental activities	\$	(30,923,275)	\$ (31,750,301)	\$ (32,377,581)	\$ (32,627,700)
Business-type activities		131,297	33,882	85,882	69,187
Total primary government net expense		(30,791,978)	 (31,716,419)	(32,291,699)	 (32,558,513)
General revenues and other changes in net assets:					
Governmental activities:					
Taxes:					
Property taxes levied for general purposes		11,291,529	11,453,968	12,030,541	12,561,345
Property taxes levied for capital outlay		793,056	802,698	807,337	818,293
Property taxes levied debt service		-	-	-	-
Income Surtax		608,405	1,004,492	682,423	537,731
Statewide sales, services and use tax		1,956,116	2,008,936	4,061,477	2,536,509
Unrestricted grants and contributions		16,976,374	17,697,874	17,770,730	16,675,746
Unrestricted Investment earnings		436,920	285,560	84,085	100,379
Other		341,082	154,050	257,326	321,869
Total governmental activities		32,403,482	33,407,578	35,693,919	 33,551,872
Business-type activities, investment earnings		7,755	5,661	2,268	 2,491
Total primary government		32,411,237	 33,413,239	35,696,187	 33,554,363
Change in net position:					
Governmental activities		1,480,207	1,657,277	3,316,338	924,172
Business-type activities		139,052	39,543	88,150	71,678
Total primary government	_\$_	1,619,259	\$ 1,696,820	\$ 3,404,488	\$ 995,850

Fiscal	Yea	ır					
2011		2012	 2013		2014	2015	 2016
\$ (31,276,162) 45,813	\$	(33,250,788) (1,508)	\$ (32,630,301) 21,033	\$	(35,606,569) 51,729	\$ (32,848,914) 67,811	\$ (33,604,759) 121,593
(31,230,349)		(33,252,296)	(32,609,268)	- 12	(35,554,840)	(32,781,103)	 (33,483,166)
13,332,443		13,573,867	12,561,620		12,879,378	12,751,972	12,473,875
836,953		858,151	897,211		932,823	1,338,199	1,345,968
598,400		584,010	589,334		719,872	745,346	461,409
3,051,186		3,148,552	3,178,566		3,227,146	3,540,103	3,594,583
17,404,614		17,640,717	17,095,868		17,946,255	19,800,927	20,562,490
134,291		90,004	144,842		100,673	106,667	94,708
244,783		494,446	247,048		694,443	506,497	924,701
35,602,670		36,389,747	34,714,489		36,500,590	38,789,711	39,457,734
4,063		2,354	1,807		1,853	1,974	1,942
35,606,733		36,392,101	34,716,296		36,502,443	38,791,685	39,459,676
4,326,508		3,138,959	2,084,188		894,021	5,940,797	5,852,975
 49,876		846	 22,840		53,582	69,785	123,535
\$ 4,376,384	\$	3,139,805	\$ 2,107,028	\$	947,603	\$ 6,010,582	\$ 5,976,510

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	 2007	 2008	2009	2010
General Fund:				
Reserved	\$ 30,594	\$ 67,151	\$ 263,880	\$ 870,606
Unreserved	4,263,751	4,226,934	4,385,878	4,043,233
Restricted	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	 -	 -	-	
Total General Fund	\$ 4,294,345	\$ 4,294,085	\$ 4,649,758	\$ 4,913,839
All other governmental funds:				
Reserved:	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Debt Service Funds	99,939	2	-	141
Other Reserved	-	-	1.00	-
Unreserved, reported in:	-	-	_	_
Capital projects funds	2,572,365	2,066,338	4,850,547	5,665,378
Special revenue funds	1,449,930	1,168,109	981,597	911,452
Restricted for the following purposes:				
Debt Service	12	23	-	-
Revenue Bond Reserve	(18)	-	(#3)	
Management levy purposes	-	9	=	-
Student activity	1.0		-	3-8
Other Capital Projects	-		-	-
School Infrastructure	-	-	-	
Physical plant and equipment	-		-	
Capital Projects	=	9	-	-
Unassigned	 			-
Total all other				
governmental funds	\$ 4,122,234	\$ 3,234,447	\$ 5,832,144	\$ 6,576,830

 Fiscal	Yea							
2011		2012		2013	2014	 2015		2016
\$ 3,133	\$	6,923	\$	53,393	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
 1,186,873 5,052,673		1,470,008 6,724,117		1,320,149 6,927,000	922,261 7,669,304	799,791 8,664,796		1,381,265 9,095,769
\$ 6,242,679	\$	8,201,048	\$	8,300,542	\$ 8,591,565	\$ 9,464,587	\$	10,477,034
\$ -	\$	g	\$		\$ •	\$ -	\$	-
-		-		-	-	-		_
-7.		7.		-		-		=
(i=)				(=)	927	-		_
-		2		-	-	651 848		-
143		939,780		1,323,459	1,340,388	1,342,948		1,340,039
-		3,049,500		3,049,500	3,049,500	3,049,500		3,049,500
940,437		489,450		1,013,502	2,100,557	2,248,896		2,897,543
289,864		266,369		341,139	424,004	377,591		431,148
-		12,778,475		142,116	408,993	-		-
4,145,994		5,113,923		4,504,002	755,889	1,983,343		2,957,341
286,034		121,793		526,490	906,068	1,788,471		2,698,714
-		-		-	-	-		26,747,916
\$ 5 662 329	\$	22 759 290	s.	10 900 208	\$ 8 985 399	\$ 10 790 749	8	40 122 201

Governmental Funds Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

		2007	-	2008	2009	2010
Federal Sources	\$_	2,015,599	\$	2,037,000	\$ 2,910,717	\$ 4,981,956
State Sources		20,250,336		21,631,978	22,641,130	20,009,076
Intermediate Sources		39,655		30	25,979	144,810
Local Sources:						
Local taxes		14,605,291		15,044,903	17,570,913	16,550,866
Tuition		1,003,395		1,118,721	1,147,876	1,062,901
Other revenues		2,058,468		2,051,673	1,717,814	1,540,162
Total local sources		17,667,154		18,215,297	20,436,603	19,153,929
Total revenues	\$	39,972,744	\$	41,884,305	\$ 46,014,429	\$ 44,289,771

	Fiscal	Yea	r							
2011		2012		2013			2014	 2015	2016	
\$	3,823,588	\$	2,572,107	\$	3,061,994	\$	2,962,721	\$ 3,356,727	\$	4,221,365
	22,210,714		22,526,726		22,008,765		26,678,199	28,254,030		30,567,046
			4,000		8,368		1,821	345		15,897
	17,843,213		18,169,182		17,254,503		14,485,419	14,532,156		14,517,695
	1,489,211 1,565,601		1,439,931 2,165,232		1,039,204 1,890,561		929,004 1,991,867	854,832 1,714,763		988,450 1,666,330
	20,898,025		21,774,345		20,184,268		17,406,290	17,101,751		17,172,475
\$	46,932,327	\$	46,877,178	\$	45,263,395	\$	47,049,031	\$ 48,712,853	\$	51,976,783

Governmental Funds Expenditures and Debt Service Ratio Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

		2007		2008		2009		2010
Instruction	\$	24,472,714	\$	25,951,527	\$	26,846,640	\$	26,606,333
Student Services		1,738,220		1,802,069		1,967,015		1,933,935
Instructional Staff Services		1,809,342		1,692,107		2,567,440		2,440,974
Administration Services		3,718,929 2,878,088 1,095,187		3,730,001		3,865,335		3,754,908 2,984,298 1,680,534
Operation and Maintenance of Plant Services				3,215,165		3,064,931 968,941		
Transportation Services				1,243,037				
Central and Other Support Services		-		-		-		-
Non-Instructional Programs		25,755		13,391		25,049		35,180
Capital Outlay:								-
Facilities acquisition		902,477		1,304,281		2,216,729		2,114,401
Debt service:								
Principal		1,045,000		2,250,000		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		160,488		89,943		-		
AEA flowthrough		1,430,875		1,496,741		1,559,569		1,744,044
Total expenditures	\$	39,277,075	\$	42,788,262	\$	43,081,649	\$	43,294,607
Debt service as a percentage of		3.24%		5.98%		0.00%		
noncapital expenditures								0.00%

Fiscal	Yea	r						
2011		2012	2013		2014		2015	2016
\$ 27,416,574	\$	27,069,380	\$ 26,337,813	\$	26,497,530	\$	27,225,093	\$ 27,858,183
1,917,455		1,931,775	1,878,843		2,024,988		2,063,626	2,563,397
2,623,174		2,679,260	2,727,009		2,143,504		2,094,500	2,868,091
3,808,152		4,031,101	3,934,621		4,243,014		4,598,277	4,394,286
2,981,523		3,120,758	3,195,979		3,453,998		3,683,472	3,941,026
1,075,374		1,612,758	1,092,684		1,354,666		1,465,202	1,690,247
-		-	-		_		-	-
9,027		8,273	9,213		4,970		3,841	4,690
			-		-		-	-
4,962,492		17,575,360	14,620,292		4,683,262		1,525,176	2,152,585
			-		-		-	-
-		-	-		-		-	1,340,000
-		785,925	1,645,154		2,649,500		2,649,350	1,836,216
 1,748,108		1,573,604	1,589,663		1,647,708		1,685,930	1,748,769
\$ 46,541,879	\$	60,388,194	\$ 57,031,271	\$	48,703,140	\$	46,994,467	\$ 50,397,490
0.00%	Ď	1.87%	4.04%	ó	6.40%	0	6.19%	7.05%

Other Financing Sources (Uses) and Net Change in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

		2007	2008	2009	2010
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	_\$_	695,669	\$ (903,957) \$	2,932,780	\$ 995,164
Other financing sources (uses):					
General obligation bonds issued		-	-	-	-
Sale of equipment		-	15,910	20,590	13,603
Bond premium		-	-	-	-
Interfund transfers in		1,853,942	2,311,677	19,955	2,750
Interfund transfers out		(1,853,942)	(2,311,677)	(19,955)	(2,750)
Revenue bonds issued		-	-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	15,910	20,590	 13,603
Net change in fund balances	\$	695,669	\$ (888,047) \$	2,953,370	\$ 1,008,767

Source: School District Financial Records

	Fiscal	Yea	ar						
	2011		2012		2013		2014	2015	2016
\$	\$ 390,448		\$ (13,511,016)		(11,767,876)	\$	(1,654,109)	\$ 2,334,220	\$ 1,579,293
	-		-		_		-	-	28,460,000
	23,891		53,004		8,288		30,323	344,152	810
	-		2,018,342		-		-	-	303,796
	78,831		3,991,894		2,044,787		2,625,790	2,612,724	2,612,045
	(78,831)		(3,991,894)		(2,044,787)		(2,625,790)	(2,612,724)	(2,612,045)
	-		30,495,000		_				
	23,891		32,566,346		8,288		30,323	344,152	28,764,606
\$	414,339	\$	19,055,330	\$	(11,759,588)	\$_	(1,623,786)	\$ 2,678,372	\$ 30,343,899

Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Actual Value				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Agricultural and Other Property	Total Actual Value	Total Taxable Value	Total Direct Rate (a)
2007	\$ 810,841,646	\$ 256,183,335	\$ 170,632,149	\$ 1,237,657,130	\$ 790.041.495	\$ 15.65813
2008	824,437,141	261,149,141	177,395,223	1,262,981,505	801,458,851	15.75483
2009	837,427,270	262,815,827	193,591,365	1,293,834,462	808,838,115	16.37612
2010	845,488,704	258,358,060	200,604,900	1,304,451,664	824,276,257	16.84234
2011	851,269,319	255,387,088	244,379,417	1,351,035,824	843,625,089	17.45222
2012	854,087,950	257,627,079	245,487,772	1,357,202,801	865,556,648	17.39620
2013	874,474,263	259,371,393	270,392,660	1,404,238,316	898,862,785	15.48989
2014	877,761,348	261,103,323	272,607,057	1,411,471,728	923,231,535	15.45853
2015	891,585,253	273,850,678	251,420,689	1,416,856,620	942,007,617	15.45754
2016	901,652,020	287,208,030	276,690,052	1,465,550,102	984,869,227	15.18368

Source: Webster County Auditor.

Note: The actual values are determined as of January 1, of the calendar year prior to the fiscal year indicated. These actual values are used to calculate the taxable values for the second budget following assessment date.

⁽a) Per \$1,000 of assessed value.

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years (rate per \$1,000 of assessed value) (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year		District	Direct Rates		Overlapping Rates					
Ended	General	Capital	Debt Service	A	Webster	City of	Community			
June 30	Purposes	Purposes	Purposes	Total	County	Fort Dodge	College	Other		
2007	14.65813	1.00000	0.00000	15.65813	6.93691	16.98749	0.68343	0.47313		
2008	14.75483	1.00000	0.00000	15.75483	6.93469	16.99747	0.67603	0.47554		
2009	15.37612	1.00000	0.00000	16.37612	6.75687	16.45243	1.03807	0.46914		
2010	15.84234	1.00000	0.00000	16.84234	6.85437	17.04193	0.93177	0.53542		
2011	16.45222	1.00000	0.00000	17.45222	6.92838	18.44179	0.97767	0.54209		
2012	16.39620	1.00000	0.00000	17.39620	6.77783	19.92702	0.87149	0.50087		
2013	14.49627	1.00000	0.00000	15.49627	6.49196	20.81519	0.81973	0.41881		
2014	14.45853	1.00000	0.00000	15.45853	6.52995	20.81519	0.87786	0.41639		
2015	14.03409	1.42345	0.00000	15.45754	6.51388	20.47230	0.89671	0.44866		
2016	13.75500	1.42868	0.00000	15.18368	6.39664	20.94436	0.82510	0.76807		

Source: Webster County Auditor and Iowa Department of Management. & Piper Jaffray
Other column consists of Webster County Ag. Extension, Webster County Assessor, and State TB Eradication Levies.

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Seven Years Ago (Unaudited)

		2016			2009	
			Percentage of Total		- 11-	Percentage of Total
	Taxable		Taxable	Taxable		Taxable
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Value	Value	Rank	Value
Mid American Energy Co	45,330,668	1	4.60%	39,187,854	1	4.91%
Boehringer Ingelheim	17,075,963	2	1.73%	17,231,320	2	2.16%
Union Pacific Railroad Co	8,570,762	3	0.87%	5,353,215	11	0.67%
Koch Nitrogen	8,076,980	4	0.82%	7,225,240	8	0.90%
Crossroads Mall 1999 LLC	8,011,132	5	0.81%	9,400,000	3	1.18%
Wal-Mart Real Estate Business	7,257,535	6	0.74%	7,636,510	5	0.96%
Trinity Building Corp	6,917,084	7	0.70%	7,281,140	7	0.91%
Menard Inc	6,808,432	8	0.69%	7,297,700	6	0.91%
Northern Natural Gas	6,520,450	9	0.66%	6,733,117	9	0.84%
US Gypsum Co	5,258,277	10	0.53%	5,916,100	10	0.74%
Frendship Haven	4,970,910	11	0.50%	8,937,660	4	1.12%
Calcium Products Inc.	4,484,949	12	0.46%			
Van Diest Family LLC	4,100,078	13	0.42%			
BHJ USA Inc	3,999,663	14	0.41%			0.00%
Can (WI) QRS 12-34 Inc	3,936,479	15	0.40%	3,866,419	15	0.48%
Art Mort Borrower Propco 2006	3,861,209	16	0.39%	4,064,430	12	0.51%
Dayton Hudson Corp	3,860,116	17	0.39%	4,063,280	13	0.51%
Cole Ko Fort Dodge IA LLC	3,699,908	18	0.38%			
Colby Charles I & Ruth	3,680,386	19	0.37%	3,874,090	14	0.48%
Allied Investment Prop LLC	3,495,705	20	0.35%			
Nestle Food Company	3,335,032		0.34%	3,407,640	17	0.43%
Johnson Automotive	2,989,945		0.30%	3,160,060	19	0.40%
National Gypsum Co	2,994,867		0.30%	3,265,200	18	0.41%
Tifftra LLC	1,663,836		0.17%	0		0.00%
Omaha Cold Storage			0.00%	3,816,670	16	0.48%
U.S. Bank NA			0.00%	2,962,140	20	0.37%
All other taxpayers	813,968,861		82.65%	644,194,208		80.64%
Total	\$ 984,869,227		100.00%	\$ 798,873,993	_	100.00%

Source: Webster County Auditor.

^{*2009} was earliest date information was available from Webster County.

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Nine Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year		Collected W Fiscal Year of		Collections	Total Collections to Date			
Fis cal Year			Amount	Percentage of Levy	In Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy		
2008	\$	12,236,691	\$ 12,210,243	99.78%	20,011	\$ 12,230,254	99.95%		
2009		12,836,328	12,793,551	99.67%	19,408	12,812,960	99.82%		
2010		13,480,309	13,348,818	99.02%	5,424	13,354,242	99.06%		
2011		14,285,727	14,141,625	98.99%	1,191	14,142,816	99.00%		
2012		14,561,840	14,400,570	98.89%	2,566	14,403,136	98.91%		
2013		13,484,315	13,461,984	99.83%	13,331	13,475,315	99.93%		
2014		13,789,018	13,729,430	99.57%	1,936	13,731,366	99.58%		
2015		13,934,752	13,834,841	99.28%	31,513	13,866,353	99.51%		
2016		13,819,842	13,819,842	100.00%	19,206	13,839,048	100.14%		

Source: Webster County Auditor and District records.

^{*2007-2008} was the earliest date information was available from Webster County.

Outstanding Debt By Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

F	iscal		General bligation Bonds		Revenue		Capital		Capital		Early	Co	ompens ated
	Year Outstanding		ıts tanding		Bonds		Leases		Loan Notes	Retirement		Absences	
2	2007	\$	-	\$	2,250,000	\$	_	s	_	\$	90,999	\$	3,178,994
	2008		_	-	-		_	_	_	-	148,348	-	3,493,056
	2009		-		-		-		-		586,939		3,338,923
	2010		-		_		_		-		1,716,952		3,577,820
	2011		-		-		-		-		1,431,605		3,541,555
:	2012		-		30,495,000		_		-		1,288,184		3,254,897
	2013		-		30,495,000		-		-		1,245,887		3,307,056
:	2014		-		29,260,000		-		_		675,409		3,447,669
:	2015		-		27,975,000		-		_		286,419		3,066,382
2	016		28,460,000		26,635,000		-		-		135,173		3,144,944

Source: District records

Statistic 12

_	Net OPEB Liability	tal Primary overnment	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita			
\$	-	\$ 5,519,993	0.47% \$	143			
	-	3,641,404	0.29%	94.85			
	154,000	4,079,862	0.30%	106.60			
	308,000	5,602,772	0.43%	146.23			
	535,000	5,508,160	0.41%	145.40			
	764,000	35,802,081	2.41%	950.67			
	950,000	35,997,943	N/A	971.76			
	1,036,000	34,419,078	N/A	N/A			
	1,087,253	27,975,000	N/A	N/A			
	1,156,577	59,531,694	N/A	N/A			

Statistic 13

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2016 (Unaudited)

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable*	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
City of Badger	-	100.00%	\$ -
City of Fort Dodge	103,770,705	100.00%	103,770,705
City of Otho	225,000	100.00%	225,000
Webster County	8,423,000	57.56%	4,848,279
Iowa Central Community College	37,365,000	12.90%	4,820,085
AEA #8 - Prairie Lakes	680,000	7.21%	49,028
Subtotal, overlapping debt			113,713,097
District direct debt			30,495,000
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 144,208,097

Source: Verbal data provided by each entity reported. Totals listed may include all types of debt outstanding backed by property tax,

^{*} Estimate is based upon overlapping total assessed value and assessed value within Fort Dodge Community School District boundaries.

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		2007	2008		2009	2010
Debt limit Total net debt applicable to limit Debt service reserve fund balances	\$	61,882,857 2,250,000	\$ 63,149,075	\$	64,691,723 - -	\$ 65,222,583
Legal debt margin	_\$	59,632,857	\$ 63,149,075	\$	64,691,723	\$ 65,222,583
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentrage of debt limit		3.64%	0.00%	1	0.00%	0.00%

Source: Webster County Auditor and District Records.

Notes

It has not been determined if Sales Tax debt is counted toward the statutory debt limit. This table assumes that Sales Tax debt is required to be included in that calculation.

	_	al Debt Margin essed value (a		ulation for Fisc	al Ye	ar 2015			<u>\$</u>	1,544,461,747
	Deb Deb	t limit (5% of a t applicable to t service reserval debt margin	limit						\$	77,223,087 55,095,000 3,049,500 25,177,587
 2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016
\$ 67,551,791 - -	\$	67,860,140 30,495,000 3,049,500	\$	70,211,916 30,495,000 3,049,500	\$	70,573,586 30,495,000 3,049,500	\$	73,340,347 27,687,211 3,049,500	\$	77,223,087 55,095,000 3,049,500
\$ 67,551,791	\$	40,414,640	\$	42,766,416	\$	43,128,086	\$	48,702,636	\$	25,177,587
0.00%	ó	40.44%	,	39.09%		38.89%))	33.59%	b	67.40%

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years (Unaudited)

_	Calendar Year	Population (a)	Personal Income (In Thousands) (a)			Per Capita Personal Income (a)	Fort Dodge MS A Unemployment Rate (b)
	2006	38,534	\$	1,179,301	\$	30,604	4.0%
	2007	38,393		1,263,132	-	32,900	4.0%
	2008	38,273		1,381,767		36,103	4.2%
	2009	38,316		1,310,772		34,210	7.2%
	2010	37,884		1,333,518		35,200	7.7%
	2011	37,660		1,486,329		39,467	8.0%
	2012	37,273		1,606,522		43,101	6.1%
	2013	37,044		1,491,540		40,264	6.0%
	2014	36,955		1,560,189		42,219	4.3%
	2015	37.071		1.606.175		43,327	4.8%

^{*} Information not available

Data provided is for the Fort Dodge Micropolitan Statistical Area consisting of Webster County Sources: Bureau of Economic Analysis
(a) Bureau of Economic Analysis

⁽b) Iowa Workforce Development

Principal Employers Current Year and Ten Years Ago (Unaudited)

		2016			2006	
			Percentage of Total			Percentage of Total
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Trinity Regional Hospital	1,189	1	6.83%	972	1	5.01%
Decker Truck Lines	821	2	4.72%	714	3	3.68%
Iowa Central Community College	802	3	4.61%	621	4	3.20%
Fort Dodge Community Schools	530	4	3.04%	494	5	2.55%
New Co-op	485	5	2.79%	160	10	0.82%
Boehringer Ingelheim	450	6	2.58%	782	2	4.03%
Fort Dodge Correctional Facility	366	7	2.10%	386	6	1.99%
Frendship Haven	312	8	1.79%	219	7	1.13%
Nestle Purina Pet Care Products	192	9	1.10%	150	11	0.77%
Silgan Containers	168	10	0.96%	149	12	0.77%
City of Fort Dodge	182	11	1.05%	187	8	0.96%
CJ Bio America	171	12	0.98%	-	0	0.00%
Heartland Communications	113	13	0.65%	175	9	0.90%
United States Gypsum	111	14	0.64%	110	13	0.57%
National Gypsum	74	15	0.43%	72	14	0.37%
Georgia-Pacific Corporation	70	16	0.40%	92	15	0.47%
All other employers	11,374		65.33%	14,117		72.77%
Total	17,410		100.00%	19,400		100.00%

Source: City of Fort Dodge and Iowa Department of Economic Development.

Fort Dodge Community School District

Full-Time Equivalent District Employees By Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2007	2008	2009	2010
Supervisory:				
Superintendent	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Principals	8.00	8.00	7.00	7.00
Assistant principals	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
All other administrators	-	-	-	-
Total supervisory	14.00	14.00	13.00	13.00
Instruction:				
Teachers	312.40	295.40	286.56	268.56
Paraprofessionals	87.70	85.50	85.04	97.72
All other instruction	4.69	3.69	4.68	1.63
Total instruction	404.79	384.59	376.28	367.91
Student services:				
Guidance counselors	12.00	12.00	11.00	12.00
Media specialists/Librarians	6.00	6.00	5.00	5.00
Nurses	8.00	8.00	7.00	7.00
All other student services	16.50	19.00	17.80	20.69
Total student services	42.50	45.00	40.80	44.69
Support and administration:				
Office/Clerical	32.94	32.63	30.63	28.63
Transportation	8.90	8.90	8.90	8.90
Custodial maintenance	37.00	37.00	36.00	35.00
All other support	7.00	6.00	7.00	7.00
Total support and				
adminis tration	85.84	84.53	82.53	79.53
Total	547.13	528.12	512.60	505.12

Source: District records

Statistic 17

Time Fauivale	ent Employees as o	f June 30.				Percentage Change
2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2007 - 2016
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.009
7.00	7.00	8.00	7.00	7.00	5.00	-37.509
4.00	5.00	5.00	3.00	5.00	4.00	-20.009
-	-	-	9.00	8.00	11.00	0.009
12.00	13.00	14.00	20.00	21.00	21.00	50.00
269.74	258.92	252.58	253.58	259.02	271.65	-13.04
94.56	95.12	91.56	99.57	88.97	86.82	-1.00
1.19	3.00	2.00	2.84	1.62	2.84	-39.42
365.49	357.04	346.14	355.99	349.58	361.31	-10.74
11.00	11.00	11.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	-16.67
4.00	4.00	3.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-83.33
7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	6.00	-25.00
22.44	19.50	20.25	17.00	15.75	18.75	13.64
44.44	41.50	41.25	35.00	33.75	35.75	-15.88
28.88	27.88	28.88	27.88	28.00	25.00	-24.10
8.90	8.90	8.90	10.40	10.40	11.30	26.97
35.00	34.00	34.00	34.00	35.00	35.00	-5.41
9.00	9.00	13.00	9.53	9.31	8.00	14.29
81.78	79.78	84.78	81.81	82.71	79.30	-7.62
503.71	491.32	486.17	492.80	487.04	497.36	-9.10

Operating Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Official Enrollment	overnmental Operating Expenditures	Cost Per Pupil	Percentage Change	Bı	usiness-Type Total Expenses	Cost Per Pupil	Percentage Change
2007	4,079	\$ 38,369,197	\$ 9,406	7.27%	\$	1,616,751	\$ 396	1.58%
2008	4,035	40,377,163	10,006	6.38%		1,728,573	428	8.08%
2009	3,983	42,718,681	10,725	7.18%		1,753,249	440	2.75%
2010	3,957	43,271,606	10,937	1.97%		1,764,208	446	1.30%
2011	3,817	42,595,259	11,160	2.04%		1,848,393	484	8.61%
2012	3,738	43,778,254	11,713	4.96%		1,982,211	530	9.52%
2013	3,656	43,150,945	11,801	0.75%		1,961,295	536	1.14%
2014	3,712	46,214,253	12,451	5.50%		2,039,678	550	2.44%
2015	3,730	43,181,429	11,577	(7.02)%		2,215,620	594	8.10%
2016	3,767	43,581,784	11,569	(7.00)%		2,129,788	565	(4.82)%

Source: District records

Note: Expenses represent business-type activity expenses, which includes the District's School Nutrition Fund.

Statistic 18

Teaching Staff	Pupil- Teacher	Percentage of Students Receiving Free or Reduced-
(in FTE)	Ratio	Priced Meals
328.40	12.42	45.22%
315.40	12.79	48.33%
302.56	15.14	52.41%
285.56	14.89	53.04%
284.74	14.62	53.85%
271.62	14.98	54.05%
252.58	15.03	55.95%
253.58	14.64	58.20%
259.02	14.40	59.77%
271.65	13.87	58.30%

School Building Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

School	2007	2008	2009	2010
Elementary:				
Butler Elementary				
Square feet	70,140	70,140	70,140	70,140
Capacity	462	462	462	462
Enrollment	340	339	349	333
Cooper Elementary				
Square feet	37,065	37,065	37,065	37,065
Capacity	352	352	352	352
Enrollment	264	260	254	261
Duncombe Elementary				
Square feet	46,075	46,075	46,075	46,075
Capacity	330	330	330	330
Enrollment	308	319	289	297
Feelhaver Elementary				
Square feet	26,741	26,741	26,741	26,741
Capacity	220	220	220	220
Enrollment	222	236	235	231
Hillcrest Elementary				
Square feet	23,942	23,942	23,942	23,942
Capacity	,	,	,	,
Enrollment	161	152	121	125
Middle Schools				
Fair Oaks Middle School				
Square feet	112,706	112,706	112,706	112,706
Capacity	286	286	286	286
Enrollment	561	549	534	521
Phillips Middle School				0
Square feet	149,480	149,480	149,480	149,480
Capacity	308	308	308	308
Enrollment	594	568	560	488
Fort Dodge Middle School				
Square feet	-	_	-	_
Capacity	_	_	_	-
Enrollment	-	_	-	_
High School				
Fort Dodge Senior High				
Square feet	248,300	248,300	248,300	248,300
Capacity	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500
Enrollment	1,232	1,274	1,207	1,157
Other District Facilities	1,3202	1,271	1,207	1,157
Riverside Early Learning Center	30,124	30,124	30,124	30,124
Capacity	308	308	308	308
Enrollment	150	157	172	165
Arey Administration Building	150	137	172	103
Square feet	36,589	36,589	36,589	36,589
Capacity	418	418	418	418
Bus Garage	410	710	710	710
Square feet	7,200	7,200	7,200	7,200
Capacity	7,200 286	286	286	7,200 286
Dodger Stadium	280	200	200	280
Square feet	6,800	6,800	6,800	6,800
Capacity	418	418	418	418
Capacity	418	410	410	418

Statistic 19

Year					
2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
					 ,
70,140	70,140	70,140	70,140	70,140	70,140
462	462	462	462	462	70,140 462
345	448	467	481	472	466
343	770	407	401	4/2	400
37,065	37,065	37,065	37,065	37,065	37,065
352	352	352	352	352	352
247	289	271	268	302	276
46.075	46.075	46.075	47.075	46.075	46.077
46,075	46,075	46,075	46,075	46,075	46,075
330	330	330	330	330	330
268	302	352	315	327	346
26,741	26,741	26,741	26,741	26,741	26,741
220	220	220	220	220	220
225	218	234	231	227	211
23,942	23,942	23,942	23,942	23,942	23,942
143	Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed
110 506	112.70/	110 506	440 ===	110 504	110 004
112,706	112,706	112,706	112,706	112,706	112,706
286	286	286	286	286	286
526	488	Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed
149,480	149,480	149,480	149,480	149,480	149,480
308	308	308	308	308	308
515	510	Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed
	1.50	190,123	190,123	190,123	190,123
-	(=)	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200
988	*	1,017	1,046	1,064	1,029
248,300	248,300	248,300	248,300	248,300	248,300
1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	,
1,204	1,133	1,076	1,107	1,088	1,071
-,	-,	1,070	1,101	1,000	-,
30,124	30,124	30,124	30,124	30,124	30,124
308	308	308	308	308	308
195	203	98	120	7 7	65
36,589	36,589	36,589	36,589	36,589	36,589
418	418				
410	410	418	418	418	418
7,200	7,200	7,200	7,200	7,200	7,200
286	286	286	286	286	286
6.000		6.000	6.000	6.000	
6,800 418	6,800 418	6,800 418	6,800	6,800 418	6,800 418
410	410	410	418	410	410

FORT DODGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2016

Grantor/Program	CFDA Number	Grant Number	Expenditures
Indirect:		2711	
U.S. Department of Agriculture:			
Iowa Department of Education:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	FY 16	\$ 284,223
National School Lunch Program	10.555	FY 16	1,166,086 *
			1,450,309
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	FY 16	54,541
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	FY 16	5,134
, and the second			59,675
U.S. Department of Education:			
Iowa Department of Education:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2313-G-16	1,236,957
Title I Schools in Need of Assistance (SINA)	84.010	FY 16	35,060
Title I believed at 1 took of 1 tooks talled (51 1/1)	01.010		1,272,017
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	FY 16	218,646
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	FY 16	62,498
Rehabilitation Services - Vocational Rehabilitation -			
Grants to States - Transition Alliance Program (TAP)	84.126	FY 16	42,539
Safe and Drug-Free Schools & Communities - School Climate Transformation	84.184G	FY 16	302,187
Special Education - State Personnel Development Grants - Career Ladder	84.323	FY16	17,694
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334	FY 16	36,000
ioi ondeigiaduate i iogianis	64.554	1110	30,000
Title II A - Federal Teacher Quality Program	84.367	FY 16	226,513
Grants for State Assessments and Related Activities	84.369	FY 16	14,720
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services: Iowa Department of Human Services:			
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services	93.243	FY 16	33,492
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	FY 16	31,474
Cooperative Agreements to Suppport Comprehensive			
School Health Programs to Prevent the Spread of HIV	02.029	EV 16	447
and Other Important Health Problems - AIDS Education	93.938	FY 16	447
Total			\$ 3,768,211

^{*} Includes \$153,434 of non-cash awards.

(Continued on next page)

FORT DODGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (Continued)

Basis of Presentation – The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Fort Dodge Community School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2016. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2, U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Fort Dodge Community School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in financial position or cash flows of Fort Dodge Community School District.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – Expenditures reported in the Schedule are reported on the accrual or modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, either the cost principles in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian tribal Governments, or the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Fort Dodge Community School District has elected not to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

FORT DODGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Education of Fort Dodge Community School District:

We have audited in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fort Dodge Community School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related Notes to Financial Statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 20, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Fort Dodge Community School District's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Fort Dodge Community School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Fort Dodge Community School District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of the control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, which is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Fort Dodge Community School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of non-compliance or other matters which are described in Part IV of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Ouestioned Costs.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the District's operations for the year ended June 30, 2016 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the District. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

Fort Dodge Community School District's Responses to Findings

Schnew & Company, LLP

Fort Dodge Community School District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Fort Dodge Community School District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fort Dodge, Iowa November 20, 2016 Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance FORT DODGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Board of Education of
Fort Dodge Community School District:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Fort Dodge Community School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) <u>Compliance Supplement</u> that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. Fort Dodge Community School District's major federal programs are identified in Part I of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Fort Dodge Community School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements of Title 2, U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether non-compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Fort Dodge Community School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each of the major federal programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Fort Dodge Community School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Fort Dodge Community School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Fort Dodge Community School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Fort Dodge Community School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Fort Dodge Community School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fort Dodge, Iowa November 20, 2016

Schnew & Company, LLP

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2016

Part I: Summary of Independent Auditor's Results:

- (a) Unmodified opinions were issued on the financial statements.
- (b) No significant deficiencies or material weakness in internal control over financial reporting were disclosed by the audit of the financial statements.
- (c) The audit did not disclose any non-compliance that is material to the financial statements.
- (d) No material weaknesses in internal control over major programs were disclosed by the audit of the financial statements.
- (e) An unmodified opinion was issued on compliance with requirements applicable to each major program.
- (f) The audit disclosed no audit findings which were required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, Section 200.515.
- (g) Major program was as follows:
 - CFDA Number 84.010 Title 1 Grants to Local Education Agencies
- (h) The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.
- (i) Fort Dodge Community School District qualified as a low-risk auditee.

Part II: Findings Related to the Financial Statements:

Instances of Non-Compliance:

No matters were reported.

Internal Control Deficiencies:

No matters were reported.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year ended June 30, 2016

Part III: Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards:

Instances of Non-Compliance:

No matters were reported.

Internal Control Deficiencies:

No matters were reported.

Part IV: Other Findings Related To Required Statutory Reporting:

IV-A-16 <u>Certified Budget:</u> Expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2016 exceeded the amended certified budget amounts in the other expenditures function.

<u>Recommendation:</u> The certified budget should have been amended in accordance with Chapter 24.9 of the Code of Iowa before expenditures were allowed to exceed the budget.

Response: Future budgets will be amended in sufficient amounts to ensure the certified budget is not exceeded.

Conclusion: Response accepted.

- IV-B-16 <u>Questionable Expenditures:</u> No expenditures we believe may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 were noted.
- IV-C-16 <u>Travel Expense:</u> No expenditures of District money for travel expenses of spouses of District officials or employees were noted. No travel advances to District officials or employees were noted.
- IV-D-16 <u>Business Transactions</u>: Business transactions between the District and District officials or employees are detailed as follows:

Name, Title and Business Connection	Transaction Description	Amount
Brian Forsythe, Board Vice President	School supplies and equipment	\$ 9,897
Owner of Hyway Truck Equipment	**	,
Lisa Shimkat, Board Member,	Parts and vehicle	26,609
Spouse of Shimkat Motors Company shareholder		-

In accordance with Chapter 279.7A of the Code of Iowa, the transactions with Board Members Forsythe and Shimkat do not appear to represent a conflict of interest since part of the cumulative amount was competitively bid.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year ended June 30, 2016

Part IV:	Other Findings Related To Required Statutory Reporting (continued):
IV-E-16	<u>Bond Coverage:</u> Surety bond coverage of District officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to ensure the coverage is adequate for current operations.
IV-F-16	Board Minutes: No transactions requiring Board approval that had not been approved by the Board were noted.
IV-G-16	<u>Certified Enrollment</u> : The number of basic resident students reported to the Iowa Department of Education for October 1, 2015 was overstated by 3 students.
	Recommendation: The District should contact the Iowa Department of Education and the Department of Management to resolve this matter.
	Response: We will contact the Iowa Department of Education and the Department of Managements as necessary.
	Conclusion: Response accepted.
IV-H-16	<u>Supplementary Weighting:</u> No variances regarding the supplementary weighting certified to the Department of Education were noted.
IV-I-16	<u>Deposits and Investments:</u> No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa and the District's investment policy were noted.
IV-J-16	<u>Certified Annual Report (CAR):</u> The Certified Annual Report was timely certified to the Iowa Department of Education.
IV-K-16	<u>Categorical Funding:</u> No instances were noted of categorical funding being used to supplant rather than supplement other funds.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year ended June 30, 2016

Part IV: Other Findings Related To Required Statutory Reporting (continued):

IV-L-16 <u>Statewide Sales and Services Tax:</u> No instances of non-compliance with the allowable uses of the statewide sales, services and use tax revenue provisions of Chapter 423F.3 of the Code of Iowa were noted.

Pursuant to Chapter 423F.5 of the Code of Iowa, the annual audit is required to include certain reporting elements related to the statewide sales, services and use tax revenue. Districts are required to include these reporting elements in the Certified Annual Report (CAR) submitted to the Iowa Department of Education. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District reported the following information regarding the statewide sales, services and use tax revenue in the District's CAR:

Beginning balance		\$ 1,983,343
Revenues:		
Sales tax revenues	\$ 3,594,582	
Interest	6,052	3,600,634
		5,583,977
Expenditures:		
Support services, administraton	12	
School infrastructure construction	14,579	
Transfers to other funds:	•	
Debt service fund	2,612,045	2,626,636
Ending balance		\$ 2,957,341

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District did not reduce any levies as a result of the moneys received under Chapter 423E or 423F of the Code of Iowa.